# Financial Statements – Statutory-Basis

**Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company** 

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and for the Years Ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 with Report of Independent Auditors

# RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

# Financial Statements – Statutory-Basis As of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021

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#### **Report of Independent Auditors**

To the Board of Directors of Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying statutory-basis financial statements of Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company (the "Company"), which comprise the statutory-basis statements of admitted assets, liabilities and capital and surplus as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related statutory-basis statements of operations, changes in capital and surplus, and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

Unmodified Opinion on Statutory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the admitted assets, liabilities and capital and surplus of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Illinois Department of Insurance described in Note A.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, or the results of its operations or its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note A to the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Company on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Illinois Department of Insurance, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the statutory basis of accounting described in Note A and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.



# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Illinois Department of Insurance. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



# Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental schedule of selected statutory-basis financial data, supplemental schedule of reinsurance disclosures, summary investment schedule and supplemental investment risks interrogatories (collectively referred to as the "supplemental schedules") of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and for the year then ended are presented to comply with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Annual Statement Instructions and Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplemental schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves and other additional procedures, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

New York, New York

Pricewterlan Coopers LLP

April 9, 2025

# RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY STATEMENTS OF ADMITTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND CAPITAL AND SURPLUS – Statutory-Basis (Dollars in Thousands)

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Admitted Assets:		
Bonds	\$13,611,023	\$ 11,799,109
Preferred stocks	30,987	37,406
Common stocks.	623,656	617,798
Mortgage loans	10,108,628	8,687,005
Real estate held for sale	191,478	35,072
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	502,168	315,514
Contract loans	516	548
Derivatives	180,947	158,439
Other invested assets	962,746	732,410
Amounts due on investment sales, maturities or withdrawals	122,402	118,924
Total cash and invested assets	26,334,551	22,502,225
Investment income due and accrued	230,570	212,928
Uncollected premiums and agents' balances in course of collection	112,595	98,114
Deferred premiums and agents' balances deferred, not yet due	95	130
Reinsurance receivables	6.812	5,585
Current federal and foreign income tax recoverable and interest thereon.	26,057	25,541
Net deferred tax asset	148,308	116,640
Guaranty funds receivable or on deposit	8,809	305
Electronic data processing equipment	1,488	580
Receivable from parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	5,334	2,400
Miscellaneous accounts receivable	1,195	1,193
Separate accounts assets	316,196	279,814
Total admitted assets	\$ 27,192,010	\$ 23,245,455

(Continued)

# RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY STATEMENTS OF ADMITTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND CAPITAL AND SURPLUS – Statutory-Basis (Continued) (Dollars in Thousands, Except Par Value Amounts)

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Liabilities:		
Aggregate contract reserves:		
Life and annuities	\$ 14,953,041	\$ 12,032,598
Accident and health	1,385,989	1,321,271
Liability for deposit-type contracts	2,915,329	2,830,470
Contract claims:	2,713,327	2,030,170
Life	135,893	115,808
Accident and health	343,526	331,026
Provision for experience rating funds	3,162	2,134
Accounts payable on reinsurance	1,088	2,437
Interest maintenance reserve.	25,998	54,020
General expenses due and accrued	125,607	168,549
Taxes, licenses and fees due and accrued	5,798	5,156
Amounts withheld by company	2,536	1,066
Remittances and items not allocated	88,994	89,150
Dividends declared and unpaid	2,000	2,000
Asset valuation reserve	696,266	551,553
Funds held under reinsurance treaties with unauthorized reinsurers	,	
Funds held under remsurance treaties with unauthorized remsurers	1,834,077	1,827,006
	880,743	820,452
Derivatives	50,395	45,911
Amounts due to brokers	484,246	141,722
Retained asset program liability to claimants	8,314	8,979
Tender option bonds liabilities	98,398	98,482
Miscellaneous accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	01.005	25.526
liabilities	21,327	25,726
Separate accounts liabilities	316,196	279,814
Total liabilities	24,378,923	20,755,330
Capital and surplus:		
Common stock, \$4.50 par value; 2,000,000 shares authorized;		
1,334,025 shares issued and outstanding	6,003	6,003
Preferred stock, \$100.00 par value; 600,000 shares authorized;		
500,000 shares issued and outstanding	50,000	50,000
Subordinated indebtedness certificate	100,000	100,000
Capital paid in excess of par value	502,876	302,876
Unassigned surplus	2,154,208	2,031,246
Total capital and surplus	2,813,087	2,490,125
Total liabilities and capital and surplus	<u>\$ 27,192,010</u>	<u>\$ 23,245,455</u>

# RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS – Statutory-Basis (Dollars in Thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2024	2023	2022		
Revenues:					
Premiums and annuity considerations	\$ 5,718,460	\$ 3,617,659	\$ 2,910,010		
Considerations for supplementary contracts	7,715	4,863	5,785		
Net investment income	1,579,277	1,483,880	1,082,900		
Amortization of interest maintenance reserve	8,435	17,376	19,381		
Commissions and expense allowances on reinsurance ceded	14,435	14,206	13,593		
Income from fees associated with investment management	2 10 4	1.041	1.740		
administration and contract guarantees for separate accounts	2,104	1,841	1,742		
	7,330,426	5,139,825	4,033,411		
Benefits and Expenses:					
Death benefits	115,847	89,458	85,571		
Annuity benefits	228,322	212,789	180,384		
Disability benefits and benefits under					
accident and health contracts	659,689	563,204	430,069		
Surrender benefits and other fund withdrawals	1,868,222	1,791,786	751,620		
Interest on contract or deposit-type contract funds	227,316	215,532	124,935		
Payments on supplementary contracts	3,485	2,738	2,466		
accident and health contracts	2,986,188	875,174	1,275,220		
Commissions	343,428	255,567	216,544		
General insurance expenses and other expenses	344,253	307,738	284,252		
Insurance taxes, licenses and fees	62,515	54,116	46,793		
Transfers from separate account	(49)	(14)	(4)		
1	6,839,216	4,368,088	3,397,850		
Net gain from operations before federal income tax					
expense and net realized capital gains (losses)	491,210	771,737	635,561		
Federal income tax expense	212,604	206,323	137,066		
Net gain from operations before net realized capital gains (losses)	278,606	565,414	498,495		
Net realized capital gains (losses) (excluding gains transferred to the interest maintenance reserve) less capital gains tax expense (benefit) of \$7,219, \$11,204, and (\$11,579) (excluding taxes of (\$5,206), (\$9,608),and \$8,331 transferred to the interest	)				
maintenance reserve, respectively)	35,307	(77,346)	(117,692)		
Net income	\$ 313,913	\$ 488,068	\$ 380,803		

# RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND SURPLUS – Statutory-Basis (Dollars in Thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		2022
Common stock	\$	6,003	<u>\$</u>	6,003	<u>\$</u>	6,003
Preferred stock	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000
Subordinated indebtedness certificate	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Capital paid in excess of par value  Beginning balance	\$	302,876	\$	302,876	\$	302,876
Capital Contribution	\$	200,000 5,02,876	\$	302,876	\$	302,876
Special surplus fund Beginning balance Affordable Care Act 9010 fee assessment estimate Ending balance	\$ <u>\$</u>	- - -	\$ <u>\$</u>	- 	\$ <u>\$</u>	1,087 (1,087)
Unassigned surplus:  Beginning balance	\$	2,031,246 313,913 2,828 (12,661) 119,094 (151,844) (144,713) (4,000) - 345 2,154,208	\$	1,640,104 488,068 103,740 30,222 99,386 (88,596) (188,156) (54,000) - 478 2,031,246	\$	1,383,110 380,803 (71,581) (47,641) 3,324 (42,930) 103,303 (71,904) 1,087 2,533 1,640,104
Total capital and surplus	\$	2,813,087	\$	2,490,125	\$	2,098,983

# RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS – Statutory-Basis (Dollars in Thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2024	2023	2022		
Operating activities:			<del></del>		
Premiums and other sources of cash:					
Premium and annuity considerations	\$ 5,499,564	\$ 3,500,296	\$ 2,900,457		
Net investment income received	1,385,794	1,307,153	926,069		
Miscellaneous income	16,532	16,221	15,157		
	6,901,890	4,823,670	3,841,683		
Benefits and expenses paid:					
Benefit and loss related payments	2,637,938	2,586,251	1,562,546		
Net transfers from Separate Account	55	5	4		
Commissions and expenses	769,440	620,231	536,410		
Federal income taxes	201,844	182,185	104,504		
	3,609,277	3,368,672	2,203,464		
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,292,613	1,454,998	1,638,219		
Investing activities:					
Proceeds from investments sold, matured or repaid:					
Bonds	3,438,365	1,713,722	672,442		
Stocks	104,304	108,704	123,297		
Mortgage loans	1,263,573	1,024,675	1,529,949		
Real estate	3,428	4,493	15,366		
Other invested assets	·	•	197,022		
Net (losses) gains on cash and short-term investments	175,644	58,561 777	917		
Miscellaneous sources	(1,944) 241,090	4,122	153,839		
Miscenaneous sources	5,224,460	2,915,053	2,692,832		
Cost of investments acquired:	3,224,400	2,913,033	2,092,032		
Cost of investments acquired:  Bonds	5,281,079	3,084,449	1,514,660		
Stocks	59,348	83,876	280,042		
Mortgage loans	2,839,674	2,012,945	2,387,298		
Other invested assets	2,839,074 216,747	195,860	213,060		
Other invested assets	8,396,848	5,377,130	4,395,060		
Net (decrease) increase in contract loans	(32)	(38)	185		
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,172,356)	(2,462,039)	(1,702,413)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,172,330)	(2,402,039)	(1,702,413)		
Financing and miscellaneous activities:					
Cash provided by (used in):					
Capital and paid in surplus, less treasury stock	200,000	-	-		
Borrowed funds	-	97,555	-		
Net (withdrawals) deposits on deposit-type contracts and					
other insurance liabilities	(129,479)	1,117,836	42,014		
Dividends to stockholders	(4,000)	(54,000)	(71,904)		
Other	(124)	(15,354)	(21,725)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing and					
miscellaneous activities	66,397	1,146,237	(51,615)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and					
short-term investments	186,654	<u>(139,196</u> )	(115,809)		
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments					
at beginning of year	315,514	176,318	292,127		
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments at end of year	\$ 502,168	\$ 315,514	<u>\$ 176,318</u>		

#### **Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Organization and Basis of Presentation. Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company (the "Company") is domiciled in the State of Illinois and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company of Texas ("RSL-Texas"). RSL-Texas is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Delphi Financial Group, Inc. ("DFG").

On December 21, 2011, the Company's ultimate parent, DFG, entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger with Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc., a Japanese corporation ("Tokio Marine"), and TM Investment (Delaware) Inc. ("TM Sub"), a Delaware corporation which was wholly owned by Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.("TMNF"), an insurance company domiciled in Japan which is a subsidiary of Tokio Marine. After being approved by DFG's stockholders and by the relevant regulatory authorities in Japan and the U.S., the merger transaction closed on May 15, 2012, pursuant to which TM Sub was merged with and into DFG, the surviving corporation in the merger. As a result, DFG became a subsidiary of TMNF and Tokio Marine became DFG's ultimate parent.

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices prescribed by the Illinois Department of Insurance. Such practices differ in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") in determining financial position and results of operations. The Company has not determined the effects of these differences, but they are presumed to be material. The primary significant differences are as follows:

- i. Certain assets, designated as nonadmitted, are excluded from the statutory-basis balance sheet by a direct charge to surplus. The principal non-admitted assets that have been charged to surplus in the accompanying financial statements are software, furniture, equipment, and deferred tax assets.
- ii. Investments in bonds, short-term investments, loan-backed securities excluding residual tranches, and redeemable preferred stocks are reported at amortized cost or fair value based on their National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC") designation; such designations being assigned on a one through six scale, with one being the highest quality rating and six the lowest. See "Note A Summary of Significant Account Policies Investments" for additional statutory considerations. Under GAAP, such fixed maturity investments are designated at purchase as held-to-maturity, trading or available-for-sale. Fixed maturity investments classified as held-to-maturity are reported at amortized cost, and the remaining categories of fixed maturity investments are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses reported in operations for those designated as trading and as a separate component of shareholders' equity for those designated as available-for-sale.
- iii. With respect to its insurance business, the Company (a) incurs certain contract issue expenses which are charged to operations in the period incurred under statutory requirements rather than being deferred and amortized in relation to the incidence of expected gross profits or over the premium-paying period of the related policies, (b) computes liabilities for future contract benefits based on modified reserve methods in accordance with statutory requirements, without consideration of estimated future experience, and (c) reports the asset valuation reserve ("AVR") and the interest maintenance reserve ("IMR") as liabilities in the statutory-basis financial statements.

Nature of Operations. The Company is a life and accident and health insurance company engaged in offering a diverse portfolio of group employee benefit products including long-term and short-term disability, life, travel accident, voluntary accidental death and dismemberment, dental and limited benefit health insurance. The Company also has a retirement services business which consists of fixed annuities marketed to individuals and groups and fixed and floating rate institutional funding agreements. The Company offers its insurance products in forty-nine states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and Guam. The Company's two product categories are group employee benefit products and retirement services products, which represented approximately 25% and 75%, 33% and 67%, 37% and 63% respectively, of total insurance premiums and policyholder fees of \$5,726.2 million, \$3,622.5 million, and \$2,915.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 and 8% and 92%, 9% and 91%, 11% and 89%, respectively, of the Company's reserves and policyholder account balances of \$19,254.4 million, \$16,184.3 million, and \$13,979.2 million as of December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

#### Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

*Use of Estimates*. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with statutory accounting principles ("SAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Investments. Bonds and stocks held by the Company are carried at values prescribed by the NAIC. Bonds not backed by other loans are carried at amortized cost using the interest method; loan-backed securities are carried at the lower of amortized cost or fair value using the interest method including anticipated prepayments at the date of purchase and significant changes in estimated cash flows from the original purchase assumptions are accounted for using the prospective method. Prepayment assumptions for single class and defined multi-class mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities were obtained from brokerdealer survey values or internal estimates. These assumptions are consistent with the current interest rate and economic environment. Short-term investments are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value, and consists of bonds purchased with remaining maturities of twelve months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value, and consist of money market mutual funds purchased with maturities of six months or less. Preferred stocks with NAIC designations of one through three are carried at amortized cost, and common stocks are carried at fair value, except common stocks of affiliates, which are valued as stated below. Bonds, loan-backed securities excluding residual tranches, and short-term investments with NAIC designations of six and preferred stocks with NAIC designations of four through six are valued at the lower of amortized cost or fair value. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on bonds, loanbacked securities excluding residual tranches, and short-term investments with a NAIC designation of six, preferred stocks with NAIC designations of four through six and common stocks are credited or charged directly to surplus. Mortgage loans are stated at their amortized cost. Investments in real estate held for sale are carried at the lower of its carrying value or fair value. Other invested assets consist of investments in limited partnerships and limited liability companies, which are reflected on the equity method, with distributed earnings included in net investment income and investments in surplus debentures of affiliated and unaffiliated issuers, carried at amortized cost, using the interest method. The Company also holds investments in low-income housing limited partnerships, which are initially recorded at cost and are carried by the Company at proportional amortized cost unless considered impaired.

Bonds and stocks held by the Company are assessed for impairment if the fair value is less than its carrying value or cost basis. An analysis is performed to determine whether the shortfall in fair value is temporary or other than temporary. If the fair value of a bond or an equity security declines in value below its carrying value or cost basis, respectively, and the Company intends to sell, or determines that it will more likely than not be required to sell, the security before recovery of its carrying value or cost basis, management considers the security to be other than temporarily impaired. Other than temporary impairment ("OTTI") losses are reported as realized capital losses in the statements of operations. The cost basis of bonds and stocks is reduced and the revised cost basis is not adjusted for subsequent recoveries in value.

If, however, the Company does not intend to sell the bond or equity security and it is not more likely than not that it will be required to sell the security before recovery, the Company reviews the security to determine if the security is expected to recover back to the amortized cost.

When a bond (other than loan-backed and structured securities), preferred stock or common stock is deemed other-thantemporarily impaired, the difference between the investment's carrying value and its fair value is recognized as a realized loss and reported as a realized capital loss in the statement of operations if the loss is credit related.

#### Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

For loan-backed and structured securities, the entire difference between a security's carrying value and its fair value is recognized in the statement of operations as an impairment when the Company has the intent to sell the security or it does not have the intent and ability to hold the security to recovery. If either of these two conditions exists, a realized loss is recognized in the statement of operations for the difference between the carrying value of the security and the net present value of projected future cash flows expected to be collected. The net present value is calculated by discounting the Company's best estimate of projected future cash flows at the effective interest rate implicit of the loan-backed or structured security prior to impairment.

The common stock of the Company's wholly-owned insurance subsidiary, First Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company ("FRSLIC"), which is domiciled in New York, is carried at an amount equal to FRSLIC's statutory capital and surplus. The Company's equity in the earnings of FRSLIC is included in unassigned surplus. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, FRSLIC had assets totaling \$319.1 million and \$303.2 million, liabilities totaling \$165.1 million and \$159.7 million, and capital and surplus totaling \$154.0 million and \$143.6 million.

On April 14, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire Standard Security Life Insurance Company of New York ("SSL"), a New York domiciled life insurer subsidiary of Independence Holding Company, which agreement was amended and restated on July 29, 2021, for a purchase price of \$180.0 million, with such amount subject to upward or downward adjustment to the extent that SSL's statutory capital and surplus as of the closing date exceeded or was less than \$57.0 million (such acquisition, the "SSL Acquisition"). The SSL Acquisition was consummated effective January 1, 2022, whereupon the Company acquired SSL for cash consideration of \$196.6 million and SSL became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As of the acquisition date, SSL had admitted assets totaling \$157.9 million, liabilities totaling \$79.2 million and statutory capital and surplus totaling \$78.7 million. The common stock of SSL is carried at an amount equal to SSL's statutory capital and surplus, adjusted for unamortized goodwill. The Company's equity in the earnings of SSL is included in unassigned surplus. As of December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, respectively, SSL had admitted assets totaling \$193.2 million and \$199.0 million, liabilities totaling \$103.2 million and \$97.8 million, and statutory capital and surplus totaling \$90.0 million and \$101.2 million.

The Company's investment in the common stock of its ultimate domestic parent, DFG, is calculated as the Company's reciprocal ownership of DFG's equity based on Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles No. 97, "Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities" and is carried in accordance with the NAIC Securities Valuation Office ("SVO") Purposes and Procedures Manual ("SVO Manual").

Realized capital gains and losses, determined under the specific identification method, are included in income, net of applicable income taxes and transfers to the IMR. The IMR represents the net accumulated unamortized realized capital gains and losses, net of taxes, attributable to changes in the general level of interest rates on sales of fixed income investments, principally bonds. Such gains and losses are amortized into income, using the grouped method, over the remaining life of the security sold based on expected maturity. The AVR is determined by NAIC prescribed formulas and is reported as a liability rather than as a valuation allowance or an appropriation of surplus. The AVR represents a provision for possible credit-related investment losses on the value of bonds, equity securities, mortgage loans, real estate and other invested assets. Changes to the AVR are charged or credited directly to unassigned surplus. Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Therefore, at certain times, receivables or payables may arise until the transaction has settled and cash has been transferred.

Effective January 1, 2023, the NAIC adopted revisions to Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles No. 86, "Derivatives" ("SSAP 86") to incorporate key aspects of GAAP guidance for portfolio and partial-term hedges and applicable to fair value hedges of recognized assets. The Company reviewed the revisions to SSAP 86 and determined these revisions are not applicable to the Company's derivative transactions.

#### Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

Goodwill. Goodwill is defined as the difference between the cost of acquiring an entity and the reporting entity's share of the book value of the acquired entity. Positive goodwill is limited in the aggregate to 10% of the acquiring entity's capital and surplus as required to be shown on the statutory balance sheet of its most recently filed statement with the domiciliary state commissioner, adjusted to exclude any net positive goodwill, electronic database processing equipment ("EDP equipment") and operating system software, and net deferred tax assets. Goodwill resulting from the purchase of a subsidiary, controlled and affiliated entity, joint ventures, partnerships or limited liability companies is amortized to unrealized capital gains and losses on investments over the period in which the acquiring entity benefits economically, not to exceed ten years. The Company reports goodwill in the book adjusted carrying value of the investment acquired.

Fair Value Measurements. The Company measures its assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in its balance sheet based on the framework set forth in Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles No. 100 – Fair Value Measurements ("SSAP 100"). This framework establishes a fair value hierarchy of three levels based upon the transparency and availability of information used in measuring the fair value of assets and liabilities as of the measurement date. The levels are categorized as follows:

Level 1- Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. Level 1 fair value is not subject to valuation adjustments or block volume discounts.

Level 2 - Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active. In addition, a company may use various valuation techniques or pricing models that use observable inputs to measure fair value.

Level 3 - Valuation is generated from techniques in which one or more of the significant inputs for valuing such assets or liabilities are not observable. These inputs may reflect the Company's best estimates of the various assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the financial assets and financial liabilities.

For more information pertaining to fair value measurements, see Note J - Fair Values of Financial Instruments.

*Premiums*. Group insurance products consist primarily of short-duration contracts, and, accordingly, premiums for these products are earned over the contract period and recognized in proportion to the amount of insurance protection provided. The Company's group life, disability, and accident premium revenue is typically recognized monthly when billed, as this correlates to the amount of insurance protection provided. The liabilities for unearned premiums, which are included in aggregate contract reserves, represent the portion of premiums written which applies to the unexpired term of the policies in force. Premiums for annuity contracts are reported as earned when received. Funds received for funding agreements are included as a liability for deposit-type contracts rather than premiums, since these products do not involve mortality or morbidity risk.

Claims and Benefits. The liability for contract claims includes amounts determined on an individual basis for reported losses and estimates of incurred but not reported losses developed on the basis of past experience. The liability for benefits reserves is calculated based on statutorily required interest and mortality assumptions rather than on estimated expected experience or actual account balances as required by GAAP. For individual life policies, liabilities are computed principally by using the Net Level Premium Method or the Commissioner's Reserve Valuation Method. The liabilities for annuity reserves are computed principally by using the Commissioner's Annuity Reserve Valuation Method. Valuation of individual life insurance and annuity policies assumes interest discount rates that do not exceed the statutory maximum. Discount rates ranged from 1.50% - 11.25%, with some rates grading to lower levels over time. The methods of making these estimates and establishing the resulting reserves are continually reviewed and updated, with any resulting adjustments reflected in earnings currently.

#### Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

Deferred Income Taxes. The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles No. 101, Income Taxes, A Replacement of SSAP No. 10R and SSAP No. 10, ("SSAP No. 101"). This guidance provides that the deferred tax asset admissibility guidance is no longer elective, and the reversal and surplus limitation parameters in the admissibility tests are determined based on the risk-based capital level. It also requires gross deferred tax assets to be reduced by a statutory valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the gross deferred tax assets will not be realized. Finally, this guidance sets a more likely than not threshold for the recording of contingent tax liabilities. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company recognizes a statutory valuation allowance totaling \$51.1 million and \$36.5 million, respectively, against its deferred tax asset. The Company's policy is to recognize any accruals for interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense.

On August 16, 2022, President Biden signed into law the Inflation Reduction Act ("ACT"), which included a new corporate alternative minimum tax ("CAMT"). The ACT and CAMT is effective for tax years beginning after 2022. The Company has made an accounting policy election to disregard CAMT when evaluating the need for a valuation allowance for its non-CAMT deferred tax assets. See Note H – Income Taxes.

Reinsurance. Reinsurance premiums and claims and benefits are accounted for on bases consistent with those used in accounting for the original policies issued and the terms of the reinsurance contracts. Premiums, claims and benefits and the reserves for contract liabilities and unearned premiums are reported net, rather than gross, of reinsured amounts.

*Separate Account.* The separate account assets and liabilities represent funds invested in a separately administered variable life insurance product for which the policyholder, rather than the Company, bears the investment risk.

Cash Flow. The Company follows Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles No. 69, Statement of Cash Flow, which states that only cash transactions are to be included within the Statement of Cash Flows, with non-cash economic transactions to be included as disclosure within the financial statements. The Company's non-cash transactions during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,					
_	2024 2023			2022		
		ıds)				
Non-cash acquisitions – invested asset exchanges \$	230,257	\$	689,744	\$	733,672	
Non-cash proceeds – invested asset exchanges	230,257		687,768		717,439	
Capitalization of mortgage loan interest	49,613		74,465		87,221	
Real estate acquired in satisfaction of debt	161,022		31,465		46,407	
Capitalization of bond interest	20,261		15,469		9,125	
Low-income housing tax credit acquisitions	214,141		12,659		-	
Tax credit bond dispositions	9,536		10,021		10,088	
Capitalization of interest on cash equivalents and						
short term investments	1,805		3,916		-	
Reclass of residual bond tranches to other invested assets	-		-		266,675	

Going Concern. The Company has no conditions or events that would cause doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

Subsequent Events. The Company follows Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles No. 9, Subsequent Events, which establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur through the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. Financial statements are considered available to be issued when they are complete in a form and format that complies with SAP and all approvals necessary for issuance have been obtained; for example, from management and/or the board of directors. The date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events and the basis for that date should also be disclosed. The Company has evaluated subsequent events that have occurred for recognition or disclosure through April 9, 2025, the date the December 31, 2024 financial statements were available to be issued. See Note S for additional information on subsequent events.

# **Note B - Prescribed Statutory Accounting Practices**

The Company's statutory-basis financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting practices prescribed by the Illinois Department of Insurance. "Prescribed" statutory accounting practices include state laws, regulations and general administrative rules, as well as a variety of publications of the NAIC. The Company has no permitted practices that deviate from prescribed practices.

#### Note C – Business Combinations and Goodwill

The Company purchased 100% of the common stock of SSL effective January 1, 2022. SSL, a New York domiciled life insurer, is licensed in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Virgin Islands and Puerto Rico and primarily sells paid family leave insurance products and a statutory short-term disability insurance product in New York State.

The following table represents goodwill generated under the statutory purchase method of accounting (dollars in thousands):

				Original	Admitted	Amortization	Book	Admitted Goodwill
			Original	Amount of	Goodwill at	for the Period	Value	as a % of
Purchased	Acquisition	Cost of	Amount of	Goodwill	December	December	December	BACV, Gross of
Entity	Date	Acquisition	Goodwill	Admitted	Admitted 2024		2024	Admitted Goodwill
SSL	1/1/2022	\$ 196,577	\$ 117,921	\$ 117,921	\$ 82,545	\$ 11,792	\$ 89,947	92%

As required under NAIC SAP, goodwill is limited in the aggregate to 10% of the acquiring entity's capital and surplus, adjusted to exclude any net positive goodwill, EDP equipment and operating system software, and net deferred tax assets. The table below shows the calculation of the Company's adjusted surplus for purposes of the goodwill admissibility calculation (dollars in thousands):

# Note C – Business Combinations and Goodwill - (Continued)

	Calculation of Limitation as of				
	S	eptember	D	ecember	
		2024		2024	
Capital and surplus	\$	2,756,406	XXX		
Less:					
Admitted positive goodwill		85,493		XXX	
Admitted EDP equipment and operating system software		308		XXX	
Admitted deferred taxes		153,939		XXX	
Total adjustments		239,740		XXX	
Adjusted capital and surplus	\$	2,516,666		XXX	
Limitation on amount of goodwill (adjusted capital					
and surplus times 10%)		XXX	\$	251,667	
Current period reported admitted goodwill		XXX	\$	82,545	
Current period admitted goodwill as a % of prior					
period adjusted capital and surplus				3.28%	

#### Note D – Investments

The carrying value and fair value of bonds are as follows:

	December 31, 2024								
		Gross	Gross						
	Carrying	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair					
	Value	Gains	Losses	Value					
		(dollars in	thousands)						
U.S. governments	\$ 1,086,842	\$ 657	\$ (38,868)	\$ 1,048,631					
All other governments	233,092	780	(20,424)	213,448					
States, territories and possessions (direct									
and guaranteed)	99,907	1,496	(1,572)	99,831					
Political subdivisions of states, territories and									
possessions (direct and guaranteed)	712,598	7,203	(35,728)	684,073					
Special revenue & special assessment									
obligations and all non-guaranteed									
obligations of agencies and authorities									
of governments and their political									
subdivisions	2,143,426	12,668	(159,965)	1,996,129					
Industrial & miscellaneous (unaffiliated)	9,235,485	129,297	(337,883)	9,026,899					
Hybrid securities	99,673	1,464	(1,346)	99,791					
Total bonds	<u>\$ 13,611,023</u>	<u>\$ 153,565</u>	<u>\$ (595,786)</u>	<u>\$ 13,168,802</u>					

Note D - Investments - (Continued)

	December 31, 2023							
				Gross		Gross		
	C	Carrying	U	Unrealized		Unrealized		Fair
		Value		Gains		Losses		Value
				(dollars in	thou	ısands)		
U.S. governments	\$	800,393		\$ 2,346	\$	(11,598)	\$	791,141
All other governments		295,685		4,469		(11,369)		288,785
States, territories and possessions (direct								
and guaranteed)		77,439		2,144		(663)		78,920
Political subdivisions of states, territories and								
possessions (direct and guaranteed)		712,540		15,700		(29,799)		698,441
Special revenue & special assessment								
obligations and all non-guaranteed								
obligations of agencies and authorities								
of governments and their political								
subdivisions		1,832,100		24,297		(122,399)		1,733,999
Industrial & miscellaneous (unaffiliated)		8,041,985		128,372		(392,650)		7,777,707
Hybrid securities		38,967		578		(1,124)		38,421
Total bonds	\$ 1	1,799,109	\$	177,907	\$	(569,602)	\$	11,407,414

The gross unrealized losses and fair value of bonds, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024								
	Less Than	12 Months	12 Mont	hs or More	T	otal			
		Gross		Gross		Gross			
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized			
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses			
			(dollars in	thousands)					
U.S. governments	\$647,347	\$ (14,106)	\$289,662	\$ (24,762)	\$ 937,009	\$ (38,868)			
All other governments		(3,989)	103,477		188,127	(20,424)			
States, territories and possessions (direct									
and guaranteed)	37,209	(824)	13,293	(748)	50,502	(1,572)			
Political subdivisions of states, territories									
and possessions (direct and guaranteed).	213,342	(6,296)	227,579	(29,432)	440,921	(35,728)			
Special revenue & special assessment									
obligations and all non-guaranteed									
obligations of agencies and authorities									
of governments and their political									
subdivisions	741,493	(33,497)	804,875	(126,468)	1,546,368	(159,965)			
Industrial & miscellaneous (unaffiliated)	1,518,563	(51,971)	1,848,229	(285,912)	3,366,792	(337,883)			
Hybrid securities	44,639	(737)	7,672	(609)	52,311	(1,346)			
Total bonds	\$3,287,243	<u>\$ (111,420</u> )	<u>\$3,294,787</u>	\$ <u>(484,366)</u>	<u>\$ 6,582,030</u>	<u>\$ (595,786</u> )			

Note D - Investments - (Continued)

				December 3	31, 2023		
	Less Than	12	Months	12 Month	ns or More	Tc	otal
			Gross		Gross		Gross
	Fair	Un	realized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	I	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
			(dollars in t	housands)			
U.S. governments	\$554,548	\$	(9,034)	\$ 11,738	\$ (2,564)	\$ 566,286	\$ (11,598)
All other governments	86,054		(1,530)	62,666	(9,839)	148,720	(11,369)
States, territories and possessions (direct and guaranteed)	12,800		(342)	15,662	(321)	28,462	(663)
Political subdivisions of states, territories	12,000		(3.12)	15,002	(321)	20,102	(005)
and possessions (direct and guaranteed).	102,647		(4,834)	240,380	(24,965)	343,027	(29,799)
Special revenue & special assessment							
obligations and all non-guaranteed							
obligations of agencies and authorities							
of governments and their political							
subdivisions	208,862	(	(17,335)	823,086	(105,064)	1,031,948	(122,399)
Industrial & miscellaneous (unaffiliated)	399,783	(	(20,810)	3,569,570	(371,840)	3,969,353	(392,650)
Hybrid securities	3,836		(78)	15,629	<u>(1,046</u> )	19,465	(1,124)
Total bonds	<u>\$1,368,530</u>	\$	<u>(53,963</u> )	<u>\$4,738,731</u>	<u>\$(515,639</u> )	<u>\$6,107,261</u>	<u>\$(569,602</u> )

The gross unrealized losses and fair value of loan-backed securities (included within the preceding tables on page 13), aggregated by the length of time the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are as follows:

December 31, 2024									
Less Than	12 Months	12 Mont	hs or More	То	tal				
Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized				
<u>Value</u>	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses				
		(dollars in	n thousands)						
		`	,						
<u>\$ 957,722</u>	<u>\$ (26,210)</u>	<u>\$ 961,698</u>	\$ (98,002)	\$ 1,919,420	<u>\$ (124,212)</u>				
		Decembe	r 31, 2023						
Less Than	12 Months	12 Mont	hs or More	To	tal				
Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized				
Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses				
		(dollars in	n thousands)						
\$ 662,695	<u>\$ (18,117)</u>	\$ 2,328,781	<u>\$ (182,465)</u>	\$ 2,991,476	<u>\$ (200,582)</u>				

#### **Note D - Investments - (Continued)**

The Company regularly evaluates its investment portfolio for factors that may indicate that a decline in the fair value of an investment is other than temporary. Under this methodology, management evaluates whether and when the Company will recover an investment's carrying value, taking into account, among other things, the financial position and prospects of the issuer, conditions in the issuer's industry and geographic area, liquidity of the investment, the expected amount and timing of future cash flows from the investment, recent changes in credit ratings of the issuer by nationally recognized rating agencies and the length of time and extent to which the fair value of the investment has been lower than its carrying value to determine if and when a decline in the fair value of an investment below carrying value is other than temporary. In the case of loan-backed and structured securities such as residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS"), commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"), asset-backed securities ("ABS") and collateralized debt obligations ("CDO"), the most significant factor in these evaluations is the expected amount and timing of the future cash flows from the investment. For fixed maturity securities, the Company must also consider whether it intends to hold the security until or will not be required to sell the security prior to, the anticipated recovery.

In the case of other than temporary impairments of loan-backed and structured securities, the amount of the credit loss is determined by comparing such security's expected cash flows discounted at its effective interest rate against its fair value and amortized cost. The key inputs relating to such expected cash flows consist of the future scheduled payments on the underlying loans and the estimated frequency and severity of future defaults.

In the case of corporate securities and equity securities, the key input utilized to establish the amount of credit loss arising from the impairment of the security is the market price. The Company obtains such market price from independent nationally recognized pricing services. The credit loss is determined to be equal to the excess of the Company's amortized cost over such market price, as measured at the time of the impairment. Declines in the fair value of investments that are considered in the judgment of management to be other than temporary are reported as realized losses, except for the non-interest related portion of other than the temporary decline in the fair value of loan-backed securities, which are charged directly to surplus.

As of December 31, 2024, 91% of the aggregate gross unrealized losses were attributable to fixed maturity securities rated investment grade by the NAIC's SVO and 9% of such losses were attributable to non-investment grade fixed maturity securities. Based on an evaluation of the factors described further above in Note D to the Financial Statements and in consideration with the Company's ability to retain the investments to allow for the anticipated recoveries in the investments' fair value and the fact that the Company had not made the decision to sell them, management determined that the unrealized losses in the tables above were temporary.

The gross unrealized losses and fair value of unaffiliated common stock positions, aggregated by the length of time the individual positions have been in a continuous temporarily impaired position, are as follows:

		December	31, 2024							
Less Than	n 12 Months	12 Mont	hs or More	T	otal					
Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized					
Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses					
	(dollars in thousands)									
\$ 16,063	\$ (1,541)	\$ 957	<u>\$ (499)</u>	<u>\$ 17,020</u>	\$ (2,040)					

#### **Note D - Investments - (Continued)**

_			December	31, 2023			
I	Less Than	12 Months	12 Month	ns or More		Total	
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Unrealized Fair		
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	
			(dollars in	thousands)			
\$	2,383	\$ (583)	\$ 180	\$ (77)	\$ 2,563	\$ (660)	

The Company experienced other-than-temporary impairments based on a) the Company's intent to sell or inability or lack of intent to retain the investment in the security for a period of time sufficient to recover the amortized cost basis and b) the present value of the cash flows expected to be collected from the security being less than the amortized cost basis of the security. The present value of cash flows expected to be collected used for impairment purposes is based upon expected future performance of underlying collateral or market indications of asset valuation. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company recognized \$80.5 million of other-than temporary impairments, which included \$48.8 million relating to mortgage loans and real estate, \$19.8 million relating to fixed maturity securities, \$10.3 million relating to other invested assets, \$1.4 million relating to common stock and \$0.2 million related to short-term investments.

The NAIC 5GI designation is assigned by the SVO to certain obligations when an insurer certifies: (1) that documentation necessary to permit a full credit analysis of a security does not exist, (2) the issuer or obligor is current on all contracted interest and principal payments and (3) the insurer has an actual expectation of ultimate repayment of all contracted interest and principal. This assignment of an NAIC 5GI designation is pursuant to the Special Reporting Instruction contained in Part Two, Section 5(b) of NAIC SVO Manual. The NAIC 5GI designation is also assigned to certain securities pursuant to policy decisions adopted by the Valuation of Securities Task Force. Securities with NAIC 5GI designations are deemed to possess the credit characteristics of securities assigned an NAIC 5 designation. Therefore, a security assigned an NAIC 5GI designation receives the same regulatory treatment associated with an NAIC 5 designation. The (GI) after the quality indicator 5 distinguishes the NAIC 5GI designation from the NAIC 5 designation that is only assigned by the SVO after a full credit analysis. In 2018, the NAIC 5GI designation was adopted to replace the NAIC 5\* designation.

The following table presents the number of 5GI securities, by investment type, and the Book Adjusted/Carrying Value ("BACV") and fair value (dollars in thousands, number of securities in whole):

	Number of 50	GI Securities	Aggregate BACV					Aggregate Fair Value		
Investment	Current Year	Prior Year	Cur	rent Year	I	Prior Year	Cu	rrent Year	P	rior Year
1. Bonds - AC	207	281	\$	285,315	\$	465,781	\$	286,617	\$	464,422
2. LB & SS - AC	38	43		17,449		22,834		21,257		26,954
3. Preferred Stock - AC	-	-		-		-		-		-
4. Preferred Stock - FV	-	-		-		-		-		-
5. Total (1+2+3+4)	245	324	\$	302,764	\$	488,615	\$	307,874	\$	491,376

AC- Amortized Cost FV - Fair Value

#### **Note D - Investments - (Continued)**

The following table represents loan-backed securities held by the Company for which an OTTI was recognized during the year ended December 31, 2024 where the present value of expected cash flows to be collected are less than the amortized cost of the securities. (dollars in thousands)

CUSIP	Cos Curre	ortized t Before nt Period DTTI	Va Proj	E		Cost Recognized After		Fair Value	Financial Statement Date Where Reported		
149837AK2	\$	401	\$	38	\$	(363)	\$	38	\$	38	03/31/24
41161PXR9	Ψ	144	Ψ	_	Ψ	(144)	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	03/31/24
362334LL6		3,749		3,607		(142)		3,607		1,766	03/31/24
61750SAB8		3,384		3,276		(192) $(108)$		3,276		3,108	03/31/24
BCC01IM39		98		3,270		(98)		3,270		3,100	03/31/24
52524VAK5		2,266		2,184		(82)		2,184		1,886	03/31/24
75114PAC3		8,062		8,000				2,184 8,000		7,333	03/31/24
		644		586		(62)		-		-	
026931AC9				380		(58)		586		464	03/31/24
98887XAA7		56		=		(56)		-		-	03/31/24
55265K7D5		10		=		(10)		=		-	03/31/24
41161PPT4		1,000		200		(3)		200		298	03/31/24
36253BAE3 449254AD3		1,000 3,327		298		(702)		298 2,855			06/30/24 06/30/24
98875PAC4		3,327 455		2,855 84		(472) (371)		2,833 84		2,855 62	06/30/24
26248GA A 9		3,683		3,332		(351)		3,332		2,811	06/30/24
83614CAJ6		3,254		2,930		(324)		2,930		2,930	06/30/24
97316HAA5		2,439		2,930		(316)		2,930		1,339	06/30/24
44931KAJ6		2,439		2,123		(310)		2,123		2,600	06/30/24
OOHE01BCV		7,014		6,750		(264)		6,750		4,300	06/30/24
55817JAE5		1,669		1,442		(204)		1,442		1,326	06/30/24
45661EGL2		1,766		1,567		(199)		1,567		1,484	06/30/24
52521LAF1		757		564		(193)		564		475	06/30/24
26251MAE2		695		529		(166)		529		307	06/30/24
26252UAA1		1,557		1,391		(166)		1,391		1,037	06/30/24
23332QAS2		5,008		4,861		(147)		4,861		3,435	06/30/24
27830LAA0		327		189		(138)		189		130	06/30/24
86360QAC9		1,048		920		(128)		920		782	06/30/24
02660WAD8		249		126		(123)		126		18	06/30/24
67592DAA2		1,379		1,275		(104)		1,275		861	06/30/24
26252KAC9		1,432		1,346		(86)		1,346		1,265	06/30/24
44931WAA9		433		351		(82)		351		351	06/30/24
87249HAA8		608		549		(59)		549		408	06/30/24
67591WAC7		268		216		(52)		216		120	06/30/24
197363BG8		3,350		3,318		(32)		3,318		3,318	06/30/24
OOHE01BCV		6,833		5,878		(955)		5,878		4,500	09/30/24
362334LL6		3,713		3,372		(341)		3,372		2,263	09/30/24
46649XAL1		1,000		700		(300)		700		607	09/30/24
14317FAA3		2,517		2,227		(290)		2,227		2,227	09/30/24
65444DAA6		4,817		4,573		(244)		4,573		4,573	09/30/24
26246DAA8		2,505		2,284		(221)		2,284		2,312	09/30/24
00075XAG2		1,761		1,554		(207)		1,554		1,271	09/30/24

Note D - Investments - (Continued)

CUSIP	Amortized Cost Before Current Period OTTI	Present Value of Projected Cash Flows	Recognized OTTI	Amortized Cost After OTTI	Fair Value	Financial Statement Date Where Reported
85817DAA3	806	628	(178)	628	313	09/30/24
56577RAC9	235	72	(163)	72	30	09/30/24
26251MAE2	529	369	(160)	369	292	09/30/24
12567GAA2	5,868	5,738	(130)	5,738	5,294	09/30/24
14318PAA0	2,613	2,485	(128)	2,485	2,143	09/30/24
149421AC3	449	333	(116)	333	175	09/30/24
85816GAA7	252	146	(106)	146	43	09/30/24
56577TAG6	95	11	(84)	11	11	09/30/24
61744CTA4	1,459	1,387	(72)	1,387	1,332	09/30/24
14316XAE7	2,406	2,335	(71)	2,335	2,186	09/30/24
67592DAA2	1,214	1,145	(69)	1,145	720	09/30/24
26252UAA1	1,372	1,305	(67)	1,305	1,008	09/30/24
26252KAC9	1,342	1,280	(62)	1,280	1,202	09/30/24
02660THZ9	640	583	(57)	583	434	09/30/24
16163EAE8	71	15	(56)	15	2	09/30/24
67591WAC7	216	160	(56)	160	96	09/30/24
75889AAA3	2,465	2,411	(54)	2,411	2,341	09/30/24
06051GBG3	47	22	(25)	22	8	09/30/24
12669EV60	42	29	(13)	29	3	12/31/24
07136QAA2	2,434	1,567	(867)	1,567	1,461	12/31/24
26248GAA9	3,275	2,504	(771)	2,504	2,439	12/31/24
OOHE01BCV	5,891	5,413	(478)	5,413	4,500	12/31/24
67591KAC3	2,065	1,618	(447)	1,618	1,262	12/31/24
97316HAA5	1,926	1,642	(284)	1,642	1,232	12/31/24
87250KAA7	1,385	1,102	(283)	1,102	1,026	12/31/24
14318PAA0	2,404	2,175	(229)	2,175	2,175	12/31/24
02660TGP2	2,312	2,104	(208)	2,104	1,868	12/31/24
75114PAC3	7,689	7,492	(197)	7,492	6,650	12/31/24
14316XAE7	2,287	2,128	(159)	2,128	1,924	12/31/24
14317FAA3	2,167	2,008	(159)	2,008	1,957	12/31/24
12554SAA1	6,674	6,520	(154)	6,520	6,073	12/31/24
40431JAF0	1,851	1,698	(153)	1,698	1,467	12/31/24
27830LAA0	189	49	(140)	49	49	12/31/24
85817DAA3	628	490	(138)	490	282	12/31/24
26246DAA8	2,232	2,099	(133)	2,099	2,099	12/31/24
39538WFL7	2,070	1,949	(121)	1,949	1,544	12/31/24
75889AAA3	2,387	2,288	(99)	2,288	2,186	12/31/24
26251MAE2	369	286	(83)	286	126	12/31/24
02660THZ9	577	504	(73)	504	420	12/31/24
87249HAA8	549	477	(72)	477	345	12/31/24
85816GAA7	146	78	(68)	78	7	12/31/24
67592DAA2	1,068	1,006	(62)	1,006	571	12/31/24
26252UAA1	1,235	1,180	(55)	1,180	1,114	12/31/24
87284PAA6	968	919	(49)	919	679	12/31/24
	\$ 163,492	\$ 147,645	\$ (15,847)	\$ 147,645	\$ 125,949	<u> </u>

#### **Note D - Investments - (Continued)**

From time to time, the Company enters into repurchase agreements for the purpose of short-term financing. These transactions, which are bilateral in nature, involve the Company transferring debt securities (bonds) in exchange for cash; the cash is the collateral in the arrangements. The Company accounts for repurchase transactions as secured borrowings in accordance with Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles No. 103R – Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities ("SSAP 103R"). The Company had no outstanding securities repurchase agreements at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, on the statements of admitted assets, liabilities and capital and surplus.

During 2023, the Company began utilizing Tender Option Bond Trust ("TOBT") structures to access low cost financing available in the tax-exempt municipal bond market, which are accounted for as secured borrowings excluding repurchase transactions, in accordance with SSAP 103R. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had \$137.2 million of fixed-rate long-term municipal bonds having been deposited into a series of TOBTs. These municipal bonds are held as bonds on the statements of admitted assets, liabilities, and capital and surplus and are considered collateral. The TOBTs have issued short-term floating rate interests to third-party investors which are accounted for as payables on the statements of admitted assets, liabilities, and capital and surplus in the amount of \$98.4 million and \$98.5 million as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The municipal bonds are deemed to constitute collateral for these payables.

The carrying value and fair value of bonds as of December 31, 2024 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations, with or without prepayment penalties.

	Carrying			Fair		
		Value		Value		
	(dollars in thousands)					
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities	\$	1,027,586	\$	1,089,736		
Agency residential mortgage-backed securities – long positions		69,866		66,293		
Agency residential mortgage-backed securities – short positions		(14,543)		(14,151)		
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		482,604		427,945		
Other bonds:						
One year or less		245,232		245,335		
Greater than 1, up to 5 years		2,101,203		2,096,160		
Greater than 5, up to 10 years		3,050,556		3,006,079		
Greater than 10 years		6,648,519		6,251,405		
Total	\$	13,611,023	\$	13,168,802		

# **Note D - Investments - (Continued)**

Major categories of the Company's net investment income are summarized as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,							
		2024		2023	2022			
		(0	lollar	s in thousand	ls)			
Income:								
U.S. Government bonds	\$	47,380	\$	31,500	\$	10,542		
Other bonds (unaffiliated)		848,080		785,630		583,636		
Preferred stocks (unaffiliated)		348		3,950		2,320		
Common stocks (unaffiliated)		7,261		11,537		10,330		
Common stock of affiliates		30,348		57,020		29,789		
Mortgage loans		710,605		678,853		473,882		
Real estate		4,458		5,368		-		
Contract loans		23		15		11		
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		29,650		23,825		12,654		
Derivative instruments		(32,517)		(23,778)		(174)		
Other invested assets and miscellaneous		83,268		95,670		119,997		
Total investment income		1,728,904		1,669,590	_	1,242,987		
Expense:								
Investment expenses		140,306		169,205		154,410		
Investment taxes, licenses and fees		360		331		304		
Interest expense		8,961		16,174		5,373		
Total investment expenses		149,627	_	185,710	_	160,087		
Net investment income	\$	1,579,277	<u>\$</u>	1,483,880	\$	1,082,900		

Realized capital gains (losses) arose from the following:

	Year Ended December 31, 2024							
		iross		Gross		Net		
	Re	alized	Realized		F	Realized		
		Gains	Losses		Gair	ns (Losses)		
			(dollars	s in thousands	s)			
Bonds	\$	37,420	\$	(86,612)	\$	(49,192)		
Preferred stocks		4,492		(459)		4,033		
Common stocks		8,117		(2,015)		6,102		
Futures		8,740		(6,415)		2,325		
Options		332,573		(207,332)		125,241		
Forwards		39,231		(36,689)		2,542		
Interest rate swaps		3,008		-		3,008		
Credit default swaps		26		(221)		(195)		
Mortgage loans		10,637		(70,608)		(59,971)		
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		918		(3,080)		(2,162)		
Real estate		97		(1,286)		(1,189)		
Foreign exchange		15,795		(18,186)		(2,391)		
Other		994		(11,412)		(10,418)		
	\$	462,048	\$	(444,315)	\$	17,733		

Note D - Investments - (Continued)

		Ye	ar Ended December 31,	2023	
	(	Gross	Gross	Net	
	Re	ealized	Realized	Realized	
		Gains	Losses	Gains (Losses)	
			(dollars in thousands)		
Bonds	\$	50,049	(111,793)	(61,744)	
Preferred stocks		1,097	(1,728)	(631)	
Common stocks		11,376	(4,232)	7,144	
Futures		4,651	(8,145)	(3,494)	
Options		102,723	(117,541)	(14,818)	
Forwards		42,786	(62,615)	(19,829)	
Mortgage loans		54	(11,667)	(11,613)	
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		1,926	(250)	1,676	
Real estate		195	(5,802)	(5,607)	
Foreign exchange		11,221	(11,612)	(391)	
Other		15	(2,603)	(2,588)	
	\$	226,093	\$ (337.988)	\$ (111,895)	

	Year Ended December 31, 2022						
		Gross	Gross		Net		
	Re	ealized	Realized	F	Realized		
		Gains	Losses	Gai	ns (Losses)		
			(dollars in thousands)				
Bonds	\$	59,021	\$ (138,919)	\$	(79,898)		
Preferred stocks		397	(189)		208		
Common stocks		11,147	(21,434)		(10,287)		
Futures		19,897	(8,893)		11,004		
Options		90,822	(125,727)		(34,905)		
Forwards		86,853	(23,192)		63,661		
Mortgage loans		461	(37,415)		(36,954)		
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		2,082	(1,095)		987		
Real estate		7,956	(871)		7,085		
Foreign exchange		14,820	(12,517)		2,303		
Other		85	(12,890)		(12,805)		
	\$	293,541	\$ (383,142)	\$	(89,601)		

Proceeds from sales of bonds totaled \$2,459.2 million, \$2,275.3 million, and \$1,694.3 million during 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Net unrealized gains for investment securities were \$220.4 million, \$230.2 million and \$96.3 million as of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The portion of unassigned surplus represented by the change in net unrealized (losses) gains is shown below:

#### Note D - Investments - (Continued)

	Years Ended December 31,						
	2024		2023			2022	
			(dollar	s in thousands	s)		
Bonds	\$	(46,794)	\$	18,465	\$	(23,828)	
Short-term investments		(334)		101		284	
Investments in limited partnerships and limited							
liability companies		(3,437)		23,870		(24,502)	
Common stocks		15,648		21,993		61,865	
Preferred stocks		310		323		(1,477)	
Investment in residual bond tranches		4,851		(3,021)		(21,316)	
Derivatives		12,543		102,674		(153,544)	
Gross change in unrealized		(17,213)		164,405		(162,518)	
Deferred income taxes		7,380		(30,443)		43,296	
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(9,833)	<u>\$</u>	133,962	\$	(119,222)	

As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, approximately 6% of the Company's total invested assets were comprised of commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities, respectively.

The Company also invests in certain non-investment grade securities. Non-investment grade securities included in bonds, SVO rated class "3" through class "6", had carrying values of \$2,450.6 million and \$2,376.5 million as of December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Mortgage loans held by the Company, which are typically underwritten on the Company's behalf by various third-party investment managers with specialized expertise in mortgage lending, are made to both commercial and residential borrowers, and are diversified by property type, location and borrower. Loans are issued at either a fixed rate or a variable rate of interest. The following table presents the distribution of the Company's mortgage loans among the indicated property types:

	December 31, 2024			December 31, 2023
		(dollars in	tnous	ands)
Residential	\$	4,178,777	\$	2,383,259
Office		2,075,792		2,068,458
Apartment/Multi Family		1,899,535		2,016,975
Lodging		710,163		873,026
Mixed Use		380,772		345,663
Industrial		358,989		385,060
Other		255,562		367,018
Medical/Health Care		225,597		223,554
Retail		23,441		23,992
Total	\$	10,108,628	\$	8,687,005

#### Note D - Investments - (Continued)

The following table presents the distribution of the Company's mortgage loans among the indicated geographic regions:

	De	ecember 31, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023
		(dollars in	thous	ands)
Pacific	\$	2,708,896	\$	2,210,802
South Atlantic		2,659,402		2,272,459
Middle Atlantic		1,238,923		1,359,226
Mountain		1,064,777		744,020
West South Central		1,028,244		882,743
New England		588,772		502,509
East North Central		442,610		429,456
East South Central		287,072		221,350
West North Central		89,932		64,440
Total	\$	10,108,628	\$	8,687,005

The maximum and minimum lending rates for commercial mortgage loans for 2024 were 23.6% and 0.0%. The Company, with the assistance of its third-party investment managers, regularly evaluates and monitors the credit risk of its mortgage loans, beginning with the initial underwriting of the loan and continuing throughout the investment holding period. The Company's evaluation is performed on an individual loan basis, and monitors credit quality based on its evaluation of a number of key inputs related to the loan, including among others loan-to-value ratios. The maximum percentage of any one loan amount to the value of the underlying property at the time of the loan, exclusive of insured or guaranteed or purchase money mortgages, was 129.0%. The Company monitors other information as it is received or credit events such as delinquency or a borrower's request for restructure that may cause management to believe that the Company's estimate of financial performance, fair value or the risk profile of the underlying loan has been impacted.

The following table represents the credit risk profile of the Company's mortgage loans based on loan-to-value ratio:

	December 31, 2024		D	ecember 31, 2023
		ands)		
Below 50%	\$	1,487,868	\$	2,019,596
50% to 75%		6,092,232		5,541,543
76% to 100%		2,528,528		1,125,866
Total		10,108,628	\$	8,687,005

As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had recorded investments in impaired mortgage loans of \$39.6 million and \$4.9 million, respectively. Interest income on impaired mortgage loans is recognized in the period when cash is received by the Company. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company recognized \$2.7 million and \$0.4 million in income on impaired loans, respectively.

#### Note D - Investments - (Continued)

The following table represents the age analysis of the Company's mortgage loans:

	D	2024 (1.11)	_	2023
		(dollars in	thous	ands)
Recorded investment:				
Current	\$	8,969,039	\$	7,744,788
30-59 Days past due		173,927		177,734
60-89 Days past due		100,622		159,800
90-179 Days past due		96,278		273,514
180+ Days past due		768,762		331,169
Total	\$	10,108,628	\$	8,687,005

The Company had accrued interest on mortgage loans more than 180 days past due of \$1.2 million and \$0.5 million as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The gross, nonadmitted and admitted amounts for interest income due and accrued are as follows:

	December 31, 2024		De	cember 31, 2023		
		(dollars i	n thousa	thousands)		
Interest Income Due & Accrued:						
Gross	\$	231,808	\$	213,407		
Nonadmitted		(1,238)		(479)		
Admitted	\$	230,570	\$	212,928		

The Company also includes paid-in-kind ("PIK") interest in the current principal balance. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had \$267.3 million and \$225.7 million, respectively, in cumulative PIK interest included in the current principal balance.

As of December 31, 2023, there were three commercial mortgage loans actively on forbearance agreements. The loans, which had a book adjusted carrying value of \$72.8 million, were making payments on a current basis in accordance with the modified terms of the forbearance agreements as of December 31, 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company foreclosed upon one commercial mortgage loan which had previously been on a forbearance agreement. The book adjusted carrying value of the commercial loan as of the date of foreclosure was \$42.4 million. As of December 31, 2024, there were no mortgage loans actively on a forbearance agreement.

The Company may grant concessions related to borrowers experiencing financial difficulties which are classified as troubled debt restructurings. Generally, the types of concessions can include reduction of the contractual interest rate, extension of the maturity date at an interest rate lower than current market interest rates, and/or a reduction of accrued interest. The amount timing and extent of the concessions granted are considered in determining any impairment. As of December 31, 2024, there were five restructured commercial mortgage loans totaling \$124.1 million, all of which were restructured with a reduction of the contractual interest rate. As of December 31, 2024, the Company recognized \$22.9 million of impairments on restructured commercial mortgage loans. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had \$9.3 million of aggregate contractual commitments to extend credit to debtors whose loans had been modified in troubled debt restructurings. As of December 31, 2023, the Company did not have any investments in restructured commercial mortgage loans.

#### **Note D - Investments - (Continued)**

The Company acquired real estate properties with an aggregate value of \$161.0 million pursuant to foreclosures upon commercial and residential mortgage loans during the year ended December 31, 2024. During 2023, the Company acquired real estate properties with an aggregate value of \$35.1 million pursuant to foreclosures upon commercial and residential mortgage loans.

The Company's other invested assets consist of investments in funds organized as limited partnerships and limited liability companies, surplus debentures issued by affiliates and non-affiliates, and investments in residual bond tranches. Investments in such limited partnerships and limited liability companies, excluding low-income housing limited partnerships, are reflected in the Company's financial statements under the equity method. The Company had investments in residual bond tranches with an aggregate statement value totaling \$202.2 million and \$239.8 million as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The Company had investments in limited partnerships and limited liability companies, including low-income housing limited partnerships, with an aggregate statement value totaling \$588.7 million and \$326.2 million, as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The Company had commitments to contribute capital to limited partnerships and limited liability companies totaling \$243.6 million as of December 31, 2024. The Company had investments in surplus debentures with an aggregate statement value totaling \$171.8 million and \$166.3 million, as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Investments in such surplus debentures are reflected in the Company's financial statements at amortized cost, using the interest method.

The Company recognized \$0.4 million of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits ("LIHTC") during the year ended December 31, 2024. The Company has LIHTC partnership investments with an aggregate capital commitment of \$246.6 million as of December 31, 2024, of which \$20.0 million has been funded. Contingent commitments related to LIHTC investments expected to be paid from 2025 to 2028 total \$83.4 million. These LIHTC investments are not presently subject to any regulatory review. The Company did not recognize any impairments on LIHTC partnership investments during the year ended December 31, 2024.

A currency forward is an agreement to buy or sell a foreign currency, in return for U.S. dollars, at an exchange rate agreed upon at the agreement date, to settle on a specific future date. All of the Company's forward contracts are traded over-the-counter, which exposes the Company to counterparty risk to the extent there are unrealized gains on open positions. To minimize counterparty risk, the Company evaluates all counterparties based on credit ratings and maintains master agreements with collateral requirements and netting provisions.

An option is an agreement that gives the buyer the right to buy (call option) or sell (put option) a financial instrument at a specified price within a specified time period. The buyer of an option pays a premium to the seller on the settlement date. This premium is the buyer's only cash requirement and represents the maximum amount at risk. The seller (or writer) of an option receives a premium from the buyer on the settlement date.

An interest rate futures contract is an agreement to buy or sell U.S. Treasury Bonds to settle on a specific future date. All of the Company's futures contracts are exchange traded, which minimizes counterparty risk. The Company satisfies the margin requirements with cash.

Interest rate swaps are used by the Company to reduce market risks from changes in interest rates and to protect against variability in future cash flows. In an interest rate swap, the Company agrees with another party to exchange, at specific intervals, the difference between fixed rate and floating rate interest amounts as calculated based upon an agreed upon notional amount.

Credit default swaps are used by the Company to reduce risks against credit-related changes in the value of the Company's investments. In a credit default swap, the Company agrees with another party to pay, at specific intervals, a premium to minimize credit risk. If a credit event as defined by the contract occurs, the contract may be cash settled or it may be settled gross by the delivery of par quantities of the referenced investment equal to the specified swap notional in exchange for the payment of cash amounts by the counterparty equal to the par value of the investments surrendered.

#### Note D - Investments - (Continued)

Under U.S. regulations, certain interest rate swap and credit default swap agreements are required to be cleared through a central clearing house. These transactions are contractual agreements that require initial and variation margin collateral postings and are settled daily through a clearing house. As such, they reduce the credit risk exposure in the event of default by a counterparty.

The Company elected not to obtain hedge accounting and therefore accounted for derivatives at fair value and the related changes in fair values during the holding period are recorded as unrealized gains and losses. The Company uses options to economically hedge its indexed annuity business. The Company uses currency forward contracts to minimize the currency risk inherent in certain bond investments denominated in foreign currencies. The Company also uses interest rate swaps and futures contracts to minimize the adverse movements of interest rates related to certain bond investments. The Company's derivative acquisitions and dispositions are reported net as miscellaneous applications or proceeds in the cash from investments section in the statements of cash flows. During the year ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the Company recognized realized gains/(losses) on derivatives of \$132.9 million, \$(38.1) million and \$39.8 million, respectively. The portion of unassigned surplus represented by cumulative net unrealized gains/(losses) on derivatives totaled \$20.0 million, \$7.5 million, and \$(95.2) million as of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The table below provides a summary of the notional amount, book adjusted/carrying value and fair value by type of derivative held as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (dollars in thousands):

				December 31,							
	 Decem	ıber 31,			20	24		2023			
	2024		2023	C	Carrying		Fair	C	arrying		Fair
	Notional	Amoun	ts		Value		Value		Value		Value
Assets:											
Options	\$ 3,745,603	\$	3,811,992	\$	160,058	\$	160,058	\$	154,946	\$	154,946
Interest rate swaps	-		150,000		-		-		2,591		2,591
Foreign currency forwards	575,675		11,417		20,606		20,606		74		74
Futures	6,396		22,041		283		283		827		827
Total assets				\$	180,947	\$	180,947	\$	158,439	\$	158,439
Liabilities:											
Interest rate swaps	\$ 1,410,000	\$	1,460,000		(46,999)		(46,999)		(28,009)		(28,009)
Foreign currency forwards	113,466		506,884		(3,396)		(3,396)		(17,902)		(17,902)
Total Liabilities				\$	(50,395)	\$	(50,395)	\$	(45,911)	\$	(45,911)

#### **Note D - Investments - (Continued)**

The table below provides a summary of the Company's derivative instruments and the effects of offsetting and netting as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (dollars in thousands):

			Dece	mber 31, 2024					Decr	neber 31, 2023		
	· ·				Net	Amount					Net	Amount
	Gros	s Amount		Amount	Pre	sented on	Gros	s Amount		Amount	Pre	sented on
	Re	cognized		Offset	Financ	al Statements	Recognized		Recognized Offset		Financial Statements	
Assets:												
Options	\$	269,600	\$	(109,542)	\$	160,058	\$	302,763	\$	(147,817)	\$	154,946
Swaps		-		-		-		2,591		-		2,591
Forwards		20,606		-		20,606		74		-		74
Futures		283				283		827		_		827
	\$	290,489	\$	(109,542)	\$	180,947	\$	306,255	\$	(147,817)	\$	158,438
					Net	Amount					Net	Amount
	Gros	s Amount		Amount		sented on	Gros	s Amount		Amount		sented on
		cognized		Offset		al Statements		cognized		Offset		al Statements
Liabilities:		8	-									
Options	\$	109,542	\$	(109,542)	\$	-	\$	147,817	\$	(147,817)	\$	-
Swaps		46,999		-		46,999		28,009		-		28,009
Forwards		3,396				3,396		17,902				17,902
	\$	159,937	\$	(109,542)	\$	50,395	\$	193,728	\$	(147,817)	\$	45,911

The table below provides a summary of restricted assets, all of which are included within the General Account, at book/adjusted carrying value at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (dollars in thousands):

	Dece	mber 31, 2024	1	December 31, 2023				
_	Total Pledged & % of Restricted Total Assets Asset		% of Total Admitted Assets	Total Pledged & Restricted Assets	% of Total Assets	% of Total Admitted Assets		
FHLB capital stock.	\$ 64,045	0.2%	0.2%	\$ 69,245	0.3%	0.3%		
On deposit with states	13,752	0.1%	0.1%	13,734	0.1%	0.1%		
Pledged collateral to FHLB								
(including assets backing funding agreements)	8,027,149	29.1%	29.5%	6,086,734	25.9%	26.2%		
Pledged collateral not captured in other categories:								
Mortgage related securities pledged to RSL-Texas	-	0.0%	0.0%	121,458	0.5%	0.5%		
Reinsurance collateral.	122,207	0.4%	0.4%	138,605	0.6%	0.6%		
Derivatives collateral	74,745	0.3%	0.3%	81,928	0.3%	0.3%		
Tender option bonds collateral	137,217	0.5%	0.5%	137,306	0.6%	0.6%		
Other restricted assets	90,713	0.3%	0.4%	69,418	0.3%	0.3%		
Total pledged and restricted assets	\$ 8,529,828	30.9%	31.4%	\$ 6,718,428	28.6%	28.9%		
—								

# Note E - Deferred and Uncollected Premiums

Deferred and uncollected life insurance premiums and annuity considerations are as follows:

Total accident and health reserves.....

		nber 31, 024	December 31, 2023
		Net of	Net of
	Gross	<u>Loading</u>	Gross Loading
		(dollars in the	housands)
Ordinary life - renewal	\$ 183	\$ 133	\$ 195 \$ 133
Group life	42,600	36,762	39,418 33,963
•	\$ 42,783	<u>\$ 36,895</u>	<u>\$ 39,613</u> <u>\$ 34,096</u>
Note F - Aggregate Contract Reserves			
Aggregate contract reserves consist of the following:			
		December 31,	December 31,
		2024	2023
		(dollars	s in thousands)
Life and Annuity:			
Ordinary life		\$ 54,178	\$ 57,125
Group life		114,865	106,871
Individual annuities		13,932,363	10,852,815
Group annuities		916,670	1,085,361
Supplementary contracts		26,230	22,780
		15,044,306	12,124,952
Reinsurance ceded		(91,265)	
Total life and annuity reserves		<u>\$14,953,041</u>	<u>\$ 12,032,598</u>
		December 31,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		2024	2023
		(dollars	s in thousands)
Accident and Health:		Ф. (140	Φ 7.637
Unearned premium reserve		\$ 6,149	\$ 5,625
Present value of amounts not yet due on claims		1,451,764	1,381,998
D ' 1.1		1,457,913	1,387,623
Reinsurance ceded		(71,924)	(66,352)

1,385,989

# **Note F - Aggregate Contract Reserves – (Continued)**

The withdrawal characteristics of annuity reserves and deposit liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(dollars in thou	isands)
Individual Annuities: Subject to discretionary withdrawal:		
With market value adjustment	\$ 9,178,866 66%	\$ 5,662,098 52%
At book value less surrender charge	1,737,394 12	2,173,152 20
At book value (without adjustment)	3,014,035 22	3,015,432 28
Not subject to discretionary withdrawal	<u>28,298</u> <u>-</u>	<u>24,914</u> <u>-</u>
D.:	13,958,593 <u>100%</u>	10,875,596 100 <u>%</u>
Reinsurance ceded	<u>(32,239)</u> \$ 13,926,354	(31,989) \$ 10,843,607
	December 31,	December 31,
	(dollars in thou	
Group Annuities:	(donars in the	isunus)
Subject to discretionary withdrawal:		
With market value adjustment	\$ 582,460 64%	\$ 707,922 65%
At book value less surrender charge	3,489 -	4,968 1
At book value (without adjustment)	308,754 34	349,789 32
Not subject to discretionary withdrawal	<u>21,967</u> <u>2</u>	<u>22,682</u> <u>2</u>
D. 1.1	916,670 <u>100%</u>	1,085,361 <u>100%</u>
Reinsurance ceded  Total Group annuities		\$1,085,36 <u>1</u>
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(dollars in thou	ısands)
Deposit-Type Contracts (no life contingencies):		
Not subject to discretionary withdrawal	\$ 5,551,659 <u>100%</u>	\$ 5,459,773 <u>100%</u>
D.:	5,551,659 <u>100%</u>	5,459,773 <u>100%</u>
Reinsurance ceded Total Deposit-type contracts	(=,000,000,000)	(2,629,303) \$ 2,830,470
Total Deposit-type contracts	· <u>\$ 2,913,329</u>	<u>\$ 4,030,470</u>
Total annuity reserves and deposit liabilities	. \$ 17,758,353	<u>\$14,759,438</u>

# **Note F - Aggregate Contract Reserves - (Continued)**

Total annuity actuarial reserves and deposit fund liabilities by withdrawal characteristics, as shown above, are included within Aggregate contract reserves and Liabilities for deposit-type contracts on the balance sheet as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	December 31,
	2024	 2023
Annuities	\$ 14,816,794	\$ 11,906,188
Supplementary Contracts with Life Contingencies	26,230	22,780
Deposit – Type Contracts	2,915,329	 2,830,470
Total	\$ 17,758,353	\$ 14,759,438

The withdrawal characteristics of life actuarial reserves are as follows:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	
	(dollars in thousands)		
Subject to discretionary withdrawal:			
Term policies with cash values	\$ 29,052	\$ 30,653	
Universal life	16,659	17,298	
Other permanent cash value life insurance	3,313	3,504	
Variable universal life – nonguaranteed separate accounts	315,623	279,293	
Not subject to discretionary withdrawal:			
Term policies without cash value	9,328	9,366	
Accidental death benefits	3	4	
Disability – Active lives	46	215	
Disability – Disabled lives	107,563	99,527	
Miscellaneous reserves	3,079	3,428	
	484,666	443,288	
Reinsurance ceded	(59,026)	(60,365)	
Total life reserves	<u>\$ 425,640</u>	\$ 382,923	

Total life actuarial reserves by withdrawal characteristics, as shown above, are included within Aggregate contract reserves and Separate account liabilities on the balance sheet as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, 2024		<u></u>	December 31, 2023	
General Account:					
Life Insurance	\$	13,159	\$		13,335
Disability- Disabled Lives		96,178			89,424
Miscellaneous Reserves		680	_		871
		110,017			103,630
Separate Accounts:					
Variable Universal Life Insurance		315,623	_		279,293
Total	\$	425,640	\$		382,923

#### Note F - Aggregate Contract Reserves - (Continued)

The cash value of life insurance contracts are as follows:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	
	(dollars in thousands)		
Subject to discretionary withdrawal:			
Term policies with cash values	\$ 28,272	\$ 29,820	
Universal life	18,360	19,125	
Other permanent cash value life insurance	2,995	3,188	
Variable universal life insurance – nonguaranteed separate account	315,623	279,293	
	365,250	331,426	
Reinsurance ceded	(44,927)	(48,513)	
Total Life insurance contracts	\$ 320,323	\$ 282,913	
The account value of life insurance contracts are as follows:			
	December 31,	December 31,	
	2024	2023	
	(dollars in thousands)		
Subject to discretionary withdrawal:			
Universal life	\$ 18,217	\$ 19,003	
Variable life insurance- nonguaranteed separate accounts	315,623	279,293	
J I	333,840	298,296	
Reinsurance ceded	(16,512)	(17,928)	
Total Life insurance contracts	\$ 317,328	\$ 280,368	

The Company waives deduction of fractional premiums upon death of insureds and returns any portion of the final premium beyond the date of death. Surrender values are not promised in excess of legally computed reserves. Extra premiums are charged for substandard lives plus the gross premium for the true age. Mean reserves are computed by calculating the regular mean reserve for the plan at the true age and holding in addition one-half of the extra premium charge for the year. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company did not have insurance in force for which the gross premiums are less than the net premiums according to the standard valuation set by Illinois. Reserves to cover the insurance described above totaled \$0 at both December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Tabular interest, tabular less actual reserves released and tabular cost have been determined by formula in accordance with the NAIC Annual Statement Instructions.

#### Note G - Accident and Health Aggregate Contract Reserves and Contract Claims

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending accident and health aggregate contract reserves and contract claims liabilities:

_	Years Ended December 31,					
	2024 2023		2022			
		(dollars in thousands)				
Balance at beginning of year, net of reinsurance	\$1,649,690	\$ 1,706,552	\$ 1,722,341			
Add:						
Provisions for contract claims incurred in the current year,						
net of reinsurance	792,178	657,959	607,736			
Decrease in estimated contract claims incurred						
in prior years, net of reinsurance	(66,314)	<u>(141,041</u> )	(80,477)			
Incurred claims during the current year, net of reinsurance.	725,864	516,918	527,259			
Deduct contract claims paid, net of reinsurance, occurring during:						
Current year	296,252	237,193	202,385			
Prior years	351,855	336,587	340,663			
	648,107	573,780	543,048			
Balance at end of year, net of reinsurance	<u>\$ 1,727,447</u>	<u>\$ 1,649,690</u>	<u>\$ 1,706,552</u>			

Incurred claims related to the 2024 loss year as of December 31, 2024 were \$134.2 million higher than incurred claims related to the 2023 loss year as of December 31, 2023. This increase is due to higher accident and health business volume. Prior loss year development as of December 31, 2024 was favorable by \$66.3 million as compared to December 31, 2023. The development is due to favorable claim termination experience in comparison to the underlying assumptions for reserves partially offset by the accretion of discount.

Incurred claims related to the 2023 loss year as of December 31, 2023 were \$50.2 million higher than incurred claims related to the 2022 loss year as of December 31, 2022. This increase is due to higher accident and health business volume. Prior loss year development as of December 31, 2023 was favorable by \$141.0 million as compared to December 31, 2022. The development is due to favorable claim termination experience in comparison to the underlying assumptions for reserves partially offset by the accretion of discount.

Incurred claims related to the 2022 loss year as of December 31, 2022 were \$33.6 million higher than incurred claims related to the 2021 loss year as of December 31, 2021. This increase is due to higher accident and health business volume. Prior loss year development as of December 31, 2022 was favorable by \$80.5 million as compared to December 31, 2021. The development is due to favorable claim termination experience in comparison to the underlying assumptions for reserves partially offset by the accretion of discount.

#### Note H – Income Taxes

A. The components of the net deferred tax asset/(liability) at December 31, 2024 are as follows: (dollars in thousands)

1.		December 31, 2024				4			
		C	Ordinary	dinary Capital			Total		
(a) (b)	Gross Deferred Tax Assets Statutory Valuation Allowance Adjustments	\$	377,046	\$	102,249 51,146	\$	479,295 51,146		
(c)	Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets (1a-1b)		377,046		51,103		428,149		
(d)	Deferred Tax Assets Nonadmitted		195,253		-		195,253		
(e)	Subtotal Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset (1c-1d)		181,793		51,103		232,896		
(f)	Deferred Tax Liabilities		33,485		51,103		84,588		
(g)	Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset/(Net Deferred Tax		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
(2)	Liability)(1e-1f)	\$	148,308	\$		\$	148,308		
		_			ber 31, 202.	3			
			<u>Ordinary</u>		Capital		Total		
(a) (b)	Gross Deferred Tax Assets Statutory Valuation Allowance Adjustments	\$	277,653	\$	72,446 36,508	\$	350,099 36,508		
(c)	Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets (1a-1b)		277,653		35,938		313,591		
(d)	Deferred Tax Assets Nonadmitted		100,540		-		100,540		
(e)	Subtotal Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset (1c-1d)		177,113		35,938		213,051		
(f)	Deferred Tax Liabilities		60,473		35,938		96,411		
(g)	Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset/(Net Deferred Tax						•		
νο,	Liability)(1e-1f)	\$	116,640	\$		\$	116,640		
			. 1.		Change				
			Ordinary		<u>Capital</u>	_	Total		
(a)	Gross Deferred Tax Assets	\$	99,393	\$	29,803	\$	129,196		
(b)	Statutory Valuation Allowance Adjustments				14,638		14,638		
(c)	Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets (1a-1b)		99,393		15,165		114,558		
(d)	Deferred Tax Assets Nonadmitted		94,713		<u> </u>		94,713		
(e)	Subtotal Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset (1c-1d)		4,680		15,165		19,845		
(f)	Deferred Tax Liabilities		(26,988)		15,165		(11,823)		
(g)	Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset/(Net Deferred Tax Liability)(1e-1f)	\$	31,668	\$	<u> </u>	\$	31,668		

#### Note H – Income Taxes – (Continued)

2. Admission	Calculation	Components	SSAP 1	No. 101

			24			
		Ordinary	Capital	<u>Total</u>	_	
. ,	Federal Income Taxes Paid in Prior Years Recoverable Through Loss Carrybacks Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Expected To Be Realized (Excluding The Amount of Deferred Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
	Assets From 2(a) Above) After Application of The Threshold Limitation. (The Lesser of 2(b)1 and 2(b)2 Below) 1. Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Expected To Be	148,308	-	148,30	)8	
	Realized Following the Balance Sheet Date	148,308	-	148,30	)8	
(c)	Limitation Threshold	XXXXX	XXXXX	387,11	.2	
	Above) Offset by Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities	33,485	51,103	84,58	38	
(d)	Deferred Tax Assets Admitted As The Result of Application of SSAP No. 101. Total (2(a)+2(b)+2(c)).	<u>\$ 181,793</u>	<u>\$ 51,103</u>	\$ 232,89	<u>)6</u>	
			23			
		Ordinary	Capital	Total	_	
. ,	Federal Income Taxes Paid in Prior Years Recoverable Through Loss Carrybacks	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
	Assets From 2(a) Above) After Application of The Threshold Limitation. (The Lesser of 2(b)1 and 2(b)2 Below) 1. Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Expected To Be	116,640	-	116,64	10	
	Realized Following the Balance Sheet Date	116,640	-	116,64	10	
				*		
(c)	2. Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Allowed per Limitation Threshold	XXXXX	XXXXX	341,78		
` '	2. Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Allowed per Limitation Threshold	XXXXX 60,473	XXXXX 35,938	•	35	

#### **Note H – Income Taxes – (Continued)**

		Change			
		Ordinary	Capital	<u>Total</u>	
(	a) Federal Income Taxes Paid in Prior Years Recoverable Through Loss Carrybacks	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
(	b) Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Expected To Be Realized (Excluding The Amount of Deferred Tax Assets From 2(a) Above) After Application of The				
	Threshold Limitation. (The Lesser of 2(b)1 and 2(b)2 Below)  1. Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Expected To Be	31,668	-	31,668	
	Realized Following The Balance Sheet Date	31,668	-	31,668	
(	Limitation Threshold	XXXXX	XXXX	45,327	
,	Amount of Deferred Tax Assets From 2(a) and 2(b) Above) Offset by Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities	(26,988)	15,165	(11,823)	
(	d) Deferred Tax Assets Admitted As The Result of Application of SSAP No. 101. Total (2(a)+2(b)+2(c))	\$ 4,680	\$ 15,165	<u>\$ 19,845</u>	
3.			December 31, 2024	December 31,	
`	a) Ratio Percentage Used to Determine Recovery Period and Limitation Amount		799%	799%	
(	b) Amount of Adjusted Capital and Surplus Used to Determ Period and Threshold Limitation in 2(b)2 Above	•	\$ 2,580,745	\$2,278,569	

B. The Company has not used any tax planning strategies in the determination of its admissible deferred tax assets.

As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company has not recorded any unrecognized tax benefit for uncertain tax positions that if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate.

#### Note H – Income Taxes –(Continued)

#### C. Current income taxes incurred consist of the following major components:

Current Income Tax:	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Change
(a) Federal	\$ 212,604	\$ 206,323 11,204 \$ 217,527	\$ 6,281 (3,985) \$ 2,296
2. Deferred Tax Assets:			
(a) Ordinary	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Change
(1) Discounting of unpaid losses	\$ 218,056	\$ 151,816	66,240
(2) Deferred acquisition costs	68,436	52,724	15,712
(3) Fixed assets	53,599	39,393	14,206
(4) Compensation and benefits accrual	12,014	11,406	608
(5) Investments	20,864	10,567	10,297
(6) Other (including items <5% of total ordinary assets)	4,077	11,747	(7,670)
Subtotal	377,046	277,653	99,393
(b) Nonadmitted	195,253	100,540	94,713
(c) Admitted ordinary deferred tax assets (2a-2b)	181,793	177,113	4,680
(d) Capital			
(1) Bonds	\$ 61,200	\$ 57,219	\$ 3,981
(2) Net capital loss carry-forward	32,907	13,313	19,594
(3) Other (including items <5% of total ordinary assets)	8,142	1,914	6,228
Subtotal	102,249	72,446	29,803
(e) Statutory valuation allowance adjustment	51,146	36,508	14,638
(f) Admitted capital deferred tax assets (2d-2e)	51,103	35,938	15,165
(g) Admitted deferred tax assets (2c+2f)	<u>\$ 232,896</u>	<u>\$ 213,051</u>	<u>\$ 19,845</u>

#### Note H – Income Taxes –(Continued)

#### 3. Deferred Tax Liabilities:

(a) Ordinary	Dec	December 31, December 31, 2024 2023				,	(	Change
(1) Investments		16,149 5,461 9,102	\$	36,104 7,968 15,560	\$	(19,955) (2,507) (6,458)		
(4) Other (including items <5% of total ordinary tax liabilities).  Subtotal		2,773 33,485		841 60,473		1,932 (26,988)		
(b) Capital								
(1) Investments		35,728 15,375 51,103	\$	12,599 23,339 35,938		23,129 (7,964) 15,165		
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (3a+3b)		84,588		96,411		(11,823)		
Net deferred tax assets/liabilities (2g-3c)	\$	148,308	\$	116,640	\$	31,668		

As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company recorded a statutory valuation allowance against its capital deferred tax assets. The application of SSAP 101 requires the Company to evaluate the recoverability of deferred tax assets and establish a valuation allowance, if necessary, to reduce the deferred tax asset to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized. Significant judgment is required to determine whether a valuation allowance is necessary and the amount of such valuation allowance, if appropriate. It was determined as of December 31, 2024 that the Company did not have sufficient sources of income available to realize its capital deferred tax assets.

The change in net deferred income taxes between December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 is composed of the following (this analysis is exclusive of nonadmitted DTAs as the Change in Nonadmitted Assets is reported separately from the Change in Net Deferred Income Taxes in the surplus section of the Annual Statement):

#### 4. Reconciliation Between Deferred Inventory and the Change in Net Deferred Income Taxes

		December 31, 2024				Changa	
							Change
(a)	Total deferred tax assets	\$	479,295	\$	350,099	\$	129,196
(b)	Total deferred tax liabilities		84,588		96,411		(11,823)
(c)	Net deferred tax assets/liabilities		394,707		253,688		141,019
(d)	Statutory valuation allowance adjustment		51,146		36,508		14,638
(e)	Net deferred tax assets/liabilities after SVA	\$	343,561	\$	217,180		126,381
(f)	Tax effect of unrealized gains/(losses)						(7,380)
(g)	Minimum pension liability						93
(h)	Other intraperiod allocation of deferred tax movement						<u> </u>
(i)	Change in net deferred income taxes					\$	119,094

#### **Note H – Income Taxes –(Continued)**

#### D. Reconciliation of Federal Income Tax Rate to Actual Effective Rate:

Among the more significant book tax adjustments were the following:

	December 31, 2024			
		Income Tax Expense	Effective Tax Rate (%)	
Provision computed at statutory rate	\$ 	112,084 (3,627) (1,771) (11,997) (6,514) (2,084) 14,638 100,729	21.0 % (0.7) (0.3) (2.2) (1.2) (0.4) 2.7 18.9%	
Federal income taxes incurred	\$	210,269 2,335 5,189 2,030 (119,094) 100,729	39.3% 0.4 1.0 0.4 -22.2 18.9%	

	December 31, 2023			
		Income	Effective	
		Tax	Tax Rate	
		Expense	(%)	
Provision computed at statutory rate	\$	148,175	21.0 %	
Tax-exempt interest		(3,256)	(0.5)	
Amortization of interest maintenance reserve		(3,649)	(0.5)	
Change in nonadmitted assets		(14,743)	(2.1)	
Current Year permanent differences		(12,587)	(1.8)	
Provision to Return Adjustment – Permanent Differences		(1,528)	(0.2)	
Statutory Valuation Allowance		5,729	0.8	
Total	\$	118,141	16.7%	
Federal income taxes incurred	\$	206,655	29.2%	
Provision to Return Adjustment		(332)	(0.0)	
Realized capital gains (losses) tax		12,175	1.7	
Provision to Return Adjustment - Capital		(971)	(0.1)	
Change in net deferred income taxes		(99,386)	(14.1)	
Total statutory income taxes	\$	118,141	16.7%	

#### **Note H – Income Taxes –(Continued)**

	December 31, 2022			
		Income	Effective	
		Tax	Tax Rate	
	I	Expense	(%)	
Provision computed at statutory rate	\$	106,321	21.0%	
Tax-exempt interest		(2,327)	(0.5)	
Amortization of interest maintenance reserve		(4,070)	(0.8)	
Change in nonadmitted assets		(1,840)	(0.4)	
Current Year Permanent Differences		(6,739)	(1.3)	
Provision to Return Adjustment		(1,051)	(0.2)	
Statutory Valuation Allowance		30,779	6.1	
Other		1,090	0.2	
Total	\$	122,163	<u>24.1</u> %	
Federal income taxes incurred	\$	140,118	27.6%	
Provision to Return Adjustment		(3,052)	(0.6)	
Realized capital gains (losses) tax		(16,938)	(3.3)	
Provision to Return Adjustment - Capital		5,359	1.1	
Change in net deferred income taxes		(3,324)	-0.7	
Total statutory income taxes	\$	122,163	<u>24.1</u> %	

#### E. Operating Loss and Tax Credit Carryforwards and Protective Tax Deposits:

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had net capital loss carryforwards of \$156.7 million, which expire between 2027 and 2029.

The following are income taxes incurred in the current and prior years that will be available for recoupment in the event of future net losses.

	Amount of Tax							
		<u>Ordinary</u>		<u>Capital</u>		otal		
December 31, 2024	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-		
December 31, 2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_		
December 31, 2022	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		

#### **Note H – Income Taxes –(Continued)**

F. The Company consolidates its federal income tax return with the return of its ultimate domestic parent, DFG. DFG and all of its direct and indirect subsidiaries are members of the consolidated tax group. The members of the consolidated tax group are listed below.

Delphi Financial Group, Inc.

Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company of Texas

Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company

First Reliance Standard Life Insurance Company

Standard Security Life Insurance Company of New York

SIG Holdings, Inc.

Safety National Casualty Corporation

Safety First Insurance Company

Midlands Management Corporation

Midlands Claim Administrators, Inc.

Midlands Management of Texas, Inc.

Safety National Re SPC

Safety National Re PIC 1, LTD.

Safety Specialty Insurance Company

Insurance Data Services Corporation

Matrix Absence Management, Inc.

Matrix Payroll Services, Inc.

Delphi Capital Management, Inc.

Acorn Advisory Capital, L.P.

The method of allocation between the companies is subject to a written tax allocation agreement approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The agreement requires the Company to accrue federal taxes based on the amount of tax it would have paid or received if it had filed on a separate return basis with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") with the exception of operating losses which are reimbursed by the parent company. Intercompany tax balances are settled within 15 days after filing a tax return or receipt of a refund. If the amount of federal income taxes paid by the Company to DFG exceeds the amount of federal income taxes paid by DFG to the Internal Revenue Service, the excess of the amount will be placed in an escrow account. Escrow assets may be released to DFG from the escrow account when the permissible period for loss carryback has elapsed. Tax years 2013 and subsequent are still subject to audit by the IRS.

#### G. Federal or Foreign Income Tax Loss Contingencies

The Company does not have tax loss contingencies for which it is reasonably possible that the total liabilities will significantly increase within twelve months of the reporting date.

H. Reparation Transition Tax ("RTT")

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had no liability for RTT.

#### I. Inflation Reduction Act - CAMT

The ACT was enacted on August 16, 2022. The Act included a new CAMT. The Act and CAMT are effective for tax years beginning after 2022. The DFG United States Federal tax return filing group, of which the Company is a member, meets the average "adjusted financial statement income" threshold and is required to perform CAMT calculations in 2024. The Company, which is included in DFG's consolidated tax return, is an applicable reporting entity. The Company has determined as of December 31, 2024, that it does not expect to be liable for CAMT in 2024 and does not recognize any CAMT credit deferred tax asset.

#### Note I - Borrowed Money and Related Party Transactions

In 2013, the Company and TMNF entered into a capital support agreement, which was amended in 2014, whereby TMNF agreed to take such action as may be appropriate and necessary to cause the Company to maintain its capital and surplus at a level that is at least 300% of its Company Action Level Risk Based Capital ("RBC"). No fundings by TMNF were required pursuant to this agreement during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

During 2014, the Company's parent, RSL-Texas, issued various funding agreements in an aggregate principal amount of \$300.0 million to the FHLB Dallas, the liabilities under which have been ceded by RSL-Texas to the Company under an indemnity reinsurance agreement. During the first quarter of 2017, RSL-Texas repaid \$100.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the funding agreements at their maturity. During the first quarter of 2021, RSL-Texas repaid \$100.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the funding agreements at their maturity. During the first quarter of 2024 RSL-Texas repaid the remaining \$100.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the funding agreements at their maturity.

During 2016, the Company became a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Chicago ("FHLB Chicago"). Pursuant to the requirements of the FHLB Chicago, the Company purchased shares of FHLB Chicago capital stock. The Company owns shares of FHLB Chicago capital stock with a book/adjusted carrying value of \$64.0 million as of December 31, 2024. The stock is carried at cost, as the resale of the securities is restricted only to the FHLB Chicago.

During 2024, the Company issued eleven funding agreements to the FHLB Chicago in an aggregate principal amount of \$3,925.0 million and repaid twelve funding agreements previously issued to the FHLB Chicago in an aggregate principal amount of \$3,850.0 million. During 2023, the Company issued seventeen funding agreements to the FHLB Chicago in an aggregate principal amount of \$4,425.0 million and repaid fifteen funding agreements previously issued to the FHLB Chicago in an aggregate principal amount of \$3,360.0 million. The Company's liability for outstanding funding agreements issued to the FHLB Chicago, gross of reinsurance, totaled \$2,458.0 million as of December 31, 2024. The Company's liability for funding agreements is included in the liability for deposit-type contracts caption on the statements of admitted assets, liabilities, and capital and surplus.

The Company has entered into various agreements with affiliates to share certain facilities, management and other services. The agreements generally provide that expenses are allocated by company by specific identification, or, if undeterminable, by formulas specified in the agreements which are intended to approximate the actual costs incurred by the affiliates. Net expenses incurred under these agreements were \$20.9 million, \$15.0 million and \$17.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

On April 14, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire SSL, which agreement was amended and restated on July 29, 2021, for a purchase price of \$180.0 million, with such amount subject to upward or downward adjustment to the extent that SSL's statutory capital and surplus as of the closing date exceeded or was less than \$57.0 million (such acquisition, the "SSL Acquisition"). The SSL Acquisition was consummated effective January 1, 2022, whereupon the Company acquired SSL for cash consideration of \$196.6 million and SSL became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

On June 27, 2024, the Company received a contribution to its surplus from its immediate parent, RSL-Texas, in the amount of \$200.0 million in cash. The Company did not receive any contributions to its surplus from RSL-Texas during 2023.

In May 2015, the Company, along with certain of its affiliated insurers, entered into commercial mortgage loan investment management agreements for floating rate loans with ACORE Capital, LP ("ACORE"), a Securities and Exchange Commission registered investment adviser, and since such time, these agreements have been amended, from time to time. Most recently, amendments and restatements of such agreements were implemented in February 2022 to among other things, increase the aggregate capital commitment of the Company and its affiliates thereunder. Fees payable under these agreements include a commitment fee, a management fee and a performance-based fee. In April 2019, the Company, along with certain of its affiliated insurers, entered into new and separate investment management agreements with ACORE pursuant to which the Company, together with such affiliates, agreed to invest, during a five-year investment period, up to \$2.0 billion in fixed-rate commercial real estate loans with ACORE. Under such agreements, a management fee is payable to ACORE that is determined by reference to the spread income received on the loans under management.

#### Note I - Borrowed Money and Related Party Transactions - (Continued

In October 2020, the Company, along with certain of its affiliated insurers, made capital commitments to ACORE Special Situations Fund, L.P., a private investment fund focusing primarily on commercial real estate debt and equity whose general partner is an affiliate of ACORE, pursuant to which investments in such fund are made by the Company and such affiliates from time to time. For the services rendered to the Company during the year ended December 31, 2024, under its investment management agreements with ACORE, the total fees payable to ACORE amounted to \$(8.2) million, due to a reduction in the previously accrued performance-based fee occurring during the year.

On December 15, 2015, the Company issued a 5.0% fixed rate subordinated indebtedness certificate with a principal amount of \$100.0 million to Safety National Casualty Corporation ("SNCC") in exchange for cash. The certificate will mature on January 4, 2036. Interest is paid semiannually on July 15 and January 15. The Company paid \$5.1 million in interest relating to this note for each of the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The certificate has the following repayment conditions and restrictions: any payment of principal or interest on the surplus note may be made only with the prior written approval of the Director of the Division of Insurance of the State of Illinois, with the approval of the Company's Board of Directors and only out of the Company's surplus in excess of the minimum amount required under Illinois law. The Company's obligation under the certificate is subordinate to all claims of policyholders and general creditors of the Company, other than any future holder of subordinated indebtedness certificate or surplus note of the Company or of indebtedness which is expressly subordinated to such obligation.

On June 5, 2023, the Company transferred to SNCC various municipal bonds having an aggregate book adjusted carrying value of \$44.4 million in exchange for various municipal bonds having an aggregate book adjusted carrying value of \$42.9 million along with a cash in the amount of \$1.5 million.

During the second quarter of 2023, the Company made an investment in PEMZ 1, LLC, an affiliated entity. The book adjusted carrying value of this investment is \$58.6 million as of December 31, 2024.

During the second quarter of 2023, the Company made an investment in PEMZ 2, LLC, an affiliated entity. The book adjusted carrying value of this investment is \$59.7 million as of December 31, 2024.

On October 1, 2015, the Company received a contribution to its surplus from its immediate parent company, RSL-Texas, of 36 shares of common stock of DFG which had an admitted value of \$62.9 million. As of December 31, 2024, the market value of the DFG common stock was \$265.5 million, which in accordance with the SVO Manual was reduced by \$83.4 million to account for the reciprocal ownership percentage, resulting in an admitted value of \$182.1 million.

During 2018, the Company entered into a reinsurance agreement with Tokio Marine RSL Re PIC, Ltd. ("TM RSL Re"), a Cayman Islands portfolio insurance company controlled by Safety National Re SPC, a Cayman Islands exempted company which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of SNCC, under which the Company ceded to TM RSL Re, on a quota share indemnity coinsurance with funds withheld basis, funding agreements previously issued by the Company on various dates in connection with the Company's funding agreement-backed note program. On August 31, 2023, the Company recaptured the \$350.0 million funding agreement and ceded liabilities under an in-force funding agreement in the aggregate principal amount of \$500.0 million related to a prior issuance under the Company's funding agreement and ceded liabilities under an in-force funding agreement in the aggregate principal amount of \$450.0 million related to a prior issuance under the Company's funding agreement in the aggregate principal amount of \$450.0 million related to a prior issuance under the Company's funding agreement and ceded funding agreements in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,050.0 million to TM RSL Re under this agreement, of which \$500.0 million, \$450.0 million, \$400.0 million, \$350.0 million and \$350.0 million in aggregate principal amount are ceded on an 59.2%, 75.1%, 71.3%, 84.5% and 81.5% quota share basis, respectively. The Company also established a funds withheld liability (as "Funds held under reinsurance treaties") in a corresponding amount as of such dates.

#### Note I - Borrowed Money and Related Party Transactions - (Continued)

As of January 1, 2018, the Company entered into a reinsurance agreement with HCC Life Insurance Company ("HCC Life"), an indirect subsidiary of Tokio Marine, under which the Company agreed to cede to HCC Life, on a quota share basis, 30% of liabilities under all new and renewal medical stop loss policies up to the first \$1.0 million per covered person per policy period and 100% of liabilities greater than \$1.0 million per person per policy period. In 2019, the Company amended this agreement to increase retention to 30% of the first \$2.0 million including the policyholder's self-insured retention and 100% in excess of \$2.0 million for medical stop-loss policies. Effective October 1, 2021, the Company further amended this reinsurance agreement. Pursuant to this amendment, the Company increased the ceded portion of liabilities to 100% for all medical stop loss policies. The Company also executed a renewal rights agreement whereby HCC Life paid the Company \$5.4 million for renewal rights with respect to the existing block of medical stop loss policies. In connection therewith, the Company transferred to HCC a cash amount commensurate with the claim liabilities ceded to HCC Life for the medical stop loss policies. The purpose of the amendment was to facilitate the Company's exit from the medical stop loss line of business by selling this business to HCC Life. The Company completed the sale of its medical stop loss business to HCC Life during October 2023.

On June 18, 2020, the Company, as borrower, entered into a Master Securities Loan Agreement with Philadelphia Indemnity Insurance Company ("PIIC"), an affiliate of the Company, as lender. Under such agreement, the Company may, from time to time, borrow certain securities as described therein, with the aggregate principal amount of the securities borrowed at any one time being limited to \$700.0 million. The terms of each loan made thereunder are to be agreed upon by the Company and PIIC. On February 17, 2022, the Company borrowed securities with an aggregate market value of \$103.1 million and pledged securities collateral securing such borrowing having a market value of \$106.8 million. On November 16, 2022, the Company returned the borrowed securities to PIIC and the collateral pledged for these borrowings was returned to the Company. There were no outstanding loans under this agreement at December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The Company has entered into two revolving loan agreements with DFG. Under the first of these agreements, the Company can obtain loans from Delphi from time to time in a total amount of up to \$150.0 million and under the second agreement, Delphi can obtain loans from the Company from time to time in the same amount. Both of these loan agreements were amended and restated during 2016 to increase the maximum borrowing capacity from \$100.0 million to \$150.0 million and to extend the termination date to December 31, 2026. During 2019, the terms of the first agreement were further amended to increase the maximum borrowing capacity thereunder from \$150.0 million to \$300.0 million. During January 2023, the terms of the second agreement were further amended to increase the maximum borrowing capacity thereunder from \$150.0 million to \$300.0 million and to extend the termination date to December 31, 2032. Under these loan agreements, early repayment may be made without penalty. Interest is payable monthly at a variable SOFR-based interest rate, in the case of loans obtained by the Company from DFG, and at a variable rate based upon 3-month Term SOFR plus 1.0%, in the case of loans obtained by DFG from the Company. The revolving loan agreements do not contain any collateral requirements or financial or debt covenants. Borrowings under each agreement are used to address short-term liquidity requirements of the Company and DFG, and the amounts of the borrowings outstanding under the agreements vary from time to time. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, there were no outstanding loans under the agreement in which the Company is the borrower. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company paid \$6.0 million of interest to DFG on loans borrowed and repaid during the year. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the agreement in which the Company is the lender. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company received \$1.8 million of interest from DFG on loans borrowed and repaid during the year.

On June 12, 2024, the Company received a common stock dividend of \$30.3 million from SSL. On June 30, 2023, the Company received a common stock dividend of \$7.0 million from DFG. On August 21, 2023, the Company received a common stock dividend of \$50.0 million from SSL. On June 3, 2022, the Company received a common stock dividend of \$22.1 million from SSL. On June 29, 2022, the Company received a common stock dividend of \$7.7 million from DFG.

The Company had no reverse repurchase agreements outstanding as of December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, respectively.

#### Note I - Borrowed Money and Related Party Transactions - (Continued)

Pursuant to a consulting agreement, the Company pays to Acorn Advisory Capital L.P., a SEC-registered investment adviser ("Acorn Advisory"), an affiliate of the Company, certain fees associated with the formulation of the Company's business and investment strategies. On December 30, 2020, DFG acquired Acorn Advisory. Acorn Advisory has continued to perform the same consulting services for the Company and DFG as it performed prior to the acquisition. The Company's expenses under the Acorn Advisory consulting agreement totaled \$24.7 million and \$22.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The following table represents the investments in Subsidiary, Controlled, and Affiliated Entities (dollars in thousands):

#### 1) Balance Sheet Value (Admitted and Nonadmitted) All SCAs

	SCA Entity	Percentage of SCA Ownership	Gross Amount	Adı	mitted Amount	Nonadmitted Amount
a.	SSAP No. 97 8a Entities	Not applicable.				
b.	SSAP No. 97 8b(ii) Entities	Not applicable.				
c.	SSAP No. 97 8b(iii) Entities					
De	lphi Financial Group, Inc	3.200	\$ 182,0	86 \$	182,086	\$ -
	Total SSAP No. 97 8b(iii) Entities	XXX	\$ 182,0	86 \$	182,086	\$ -
d.	SSAP No. 97 8b(iv) Entities	Not applicable.				
	Total SSAP No. 97 8b Entities (except					
e.	8bi entities) (b+c+d)	XXX	\$ 182,0	86 \$	182,086	\$ -
f	Aggregate Total (a+e)	XXX	\$ 182,0	86 \$	182,086	\$ -

#### 2) NAIC Filing Response Information

SCA Entity	Type of NAIC Filing*	Date of Filing to the NAIC	NAIC Valuation Amount	NAIC Response Received Y/N	NAIC Disallowed Entities Valuation Method, Resubmission Required Y/N	Code
a. SSAP No. 97 8a Entities	Not applicable.					
b. SSAP No. 97 8b(ii) Entities	Not applicable.					
c. SSAP No. 97 8b(iii) Entities						
Delphi Financial Group, Inc	S2	9/9/2024	\$ 143,593	Y	N	
Total SSAP No. 97 8b(iii) Entities	XXX	XXX	\$ 143,593	XXX	XXX	XXX
d. SSAP No. 97 8b(iv) Entities	Not applicable.					
Total SSAP No. 97 8b Entities						
e. (except 8bi entities) (b+c+d)	XXX	XXX	\$ 143,593	XXX	XXX	XXX
f Aggregate Total (a+e)	XXX	XXX	\$ 143,593	XXX	XXX	XXX

<sup>\*</sup> S1 – Sub-1, S2 – Sub-2 or RDF – Resubmission of Disallowed Filing

<sup>\*\*</sup> I – Immaterial or M – Material

#### Note J - Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The methodologies and valuation techniques used by the Company to value those of its assets, which are measured at fair value, are described below.

Instruments included in bonds include mortgage-backed and corporate securities, U.S. Treasury and other U.S. government guaranteed securities, securities issued by U.S. government-sponsored enterprises, and obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions. The market liquidity of each security is taken into consideration in the valuation technique used to value such security. For securities where market transactions involving identical or comparable assets generate sufficient relevant information, the Company employs a market approach to valuation. If sufficient information is not generated from market transactions involving identical or comparable assets, the Company uses an income approach to valuation. The majority of the instruments included as bonds are valued utilizing observable inputs; accordingly, they are categorized in either Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. However, in instances where significant inputs utilized are unobservable, such as yield curves, issuer provided information and material event notices in cash flow models, the securities are categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The inputs used in the valuation techniques employed by the Company are provided by nationally recognized pricing services, external investment managers and internal resources. To assess these inputs, the Company's review process includes, but is not limited to, quantitative analysis including benchmarking, initial and ongoing evaluations of methodologies used by external parties to calculate fair value, and ongoing evaluations of fair value estimates based on the Company's knowledge and monitoring of market conditions.

Investments held at fair value primarily consist of common stock, derivatives and separate account. Unaffiliated common stocks are primarily valued at quoted active market prices and are therefore categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Derivative securities primarily consist of options and forwards. The Company maintains positions in options and forwards for which the primary purposes are to economically hedge its indexed annuity business and foreign exchange exposure, respectively. Forwards are valued using models that utilize actively quoted or observable market inputs from external market data providers, third-party pricing vendors and/or recent trading activity and options utilize non-binding broker quotes as the key inputs which are generally unobservable. Based on the pricing source, forwards and options are categorized within Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, respectively.

Assets held in the separate accounts represent funds invested in a separately administered variable life insurance product for which the policyholder, rather than the Company, bears the investment risk. These assets have historically been invested in interests in a limited liability company that invests in funds that trade in various financial instruments. This limited liability company, all of whose interests are owned by one of the Company's separate accounts, utilizes the financial statements furnished by the funds to determine the values of its investments in such funds and the carrying value of each such investment, which is based on its proportionate interest in the relevant fund as of the balance sheet dates. As such, these funds' financial

statements constitute the key input in the Company's valuation of its investment in this limited liability company. The Company concluded that the value calculated using the equity method of accounting with respect to its investment in this limited liability company was reflective of the fair market value of such investment.

The Company's variable life policyholders have investment options for their policies, which are effectuated through individual sub-accounts of a separate account established by the Company. Each of these sub-accounts relates to an investment in a designated third-party investment fund whose interests are available for purchase only by insurance companies for the purpose of funding variable life insurance and variable annuity contracts, and these funds include both private investment funds and mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Company concluded that the value calculated using the equity method of accounting with respect to the private investment funds was reflective of the fair market value of such investment and are categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are valued at quoted active market prices and therefore categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### Note J - Fair Values of Financial Instruments – (Continued)

The investment portfolios of the funds in which the fund investments are maintained vary from fund to fund, but are generally comprised of liquid, publicly traded securities that have readily determinable market values and which are carried at fair value on the financial statements of such funds, substantially all of which are audited annually. The amount that an investor is entitled to receive upon the redemption of its investment from the applicable fund is determined by reference to such security values. These investments are included in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Assets and Liabilities measured at fair value are summarized below:

	December 31, 2024								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
		(dollars in	thousands)	ls)					
Assets:									
Bonds:									
Industrial and miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 54,500	\$ 2	\$ 54,502					
Common Stock:									
Industrial and miscellaneous	9,535	_	41,519	51,054					
Preferred Stock:									
Industrial and miscellaneous	370	-	6,527	6,897					
Other long term assets	-	113,549	974	114,523					
Derivatives	283	20,606	160,058	180,947					
Other Assets:									
Separate account assets	116,109	-	200,087	316,196					
Total Assets at Fair Value	<u>\$ 126,297</u>	<u>\$ 188,655</u>	<u>\$ 409,167</u>	<u>\$ 724,119</u>					
Liabilities:									
Derivatives	\$ -	\$ (50,395)	\$ -	\$ (50,395)					
Total Liabilities at Fair Value	\$ -	\$ 50,395)	\$ -	\$ (50,395)					
Total Diagnities at Lan value	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	<u>w (30,373</u> )					

	As of December 31, 2023								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
		(dollars in	thousands)						
Assets:									
Bonds:									
Industrial and miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 36,751	5	36,756					
Common Stock:									
Industrial and miscellaneous	27,435	-	30,489	57,924					
Preferred Stock:									
Industrial and miscellaneous	225	=	811	1,036					
Other long term assets	-	137,961	7,527	145,488					
Derivatives	827	2,666	154,946	158,439					
Other Assets:									
Separate account assets	95,502		184,312	279,814					
Total Assets at Fair Value	<u>\$ 123.989</u>	<u>\$ 177,378</u>	<u>\$ 378,090</u>	<u>\$ 679,457</u>					
T + 1 90/									
Liabilities:	_		_						
Derivatives	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (45,911)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (45,911)</u>					
Total Liabilities at Fair Value	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (45,911)</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ (45,911)</u>					

#### Note J - Fair Values of Financial Instruments - (Continued)

The following tables provide reconciliations for Level 3 assets measured at fair value for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Transfers into and out of Level 3 are recognized as of the end of the period. The assets transferred out of Level 3 are no longer measured at fair value and are now measured at amortized cost. There were no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

	As of December 31, 2024															
								(dollars in	thou	usands)						
			T	otal gains and	T	otal gains and										
	В	Balance at		(losses)		(losses)							Т	ransfer		Balance at
	J	anuary 1,	in	cluded in	in	cluded in					Tra	nsfer to		out of	Г	ecember 31,
Level 3 Rollforward		2024		income		surplus	F	Purchases		Sales	L	evel 3	I	Level 3		2024
Assets:																
Bonds																
Industrial & Miscellaneous	\$	5	\$	-	\$	(4)	\$	1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2
Common Stock																
Industrial & Miscellaneous		30,489		(342)		1,358		13,530		(3,941)		425		-		41,519
Preferred Stock		811		2,520		(807)		7,460		(3,457)		-		-		6,527
Other long term assets		7,527		(83)		386		974		-		-		(7,830)		974
Derivatives		154,946		125,242		(1,916)		110,472		(228,686)		-		-		160,058
Separate account		184,312		21,013		_		10,093		(15,331)		-		-		200,087
Total Assets	\$	378,090	\$	148,350	\$	(983)	\$	142,530	\$	(251,415)	\$	425	\$	(7,830)	\$	409,167
		•				•		•		•		•				_
Liabilities:																
Derivatives	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

	As of December 31, 2023															
								(dollars in	thou	usands)						
			Т	otal gains and	Т	otal gains and										
	В	alance at		(losses)		(losses)							7	ransfer		Balance at
	Ja	anuary 1,	in	cluded in	in	cluded in					Tr	ansfer to		out of	Ι	December 31,
Level 3 Rollforward		2023		income		surplus	P	urchases		Sales		Level 3	]	Level 3		2023
Assets:	-															_
Bonds																
Industrial & Miscellaneous	\$	5,175	\$	-	\$	3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2	\$	(5,175)	\$	5
Common Stock																
Industrial & Miscellaneous		21,488		(3,606)		4,498		4,466		(471)		4,209		(95)		30,489
Preferred Stock		1,973		1,518		(1,409)		-		(1,271)		689		(689)		811
Other long term assets		35,990		(3,796)		(2,278)		2,945		-		22,436		(47,770)		7,527
Derivatives		45,771		(11,435)		104,247		103,444		(84,193)		-		(2,888)		154,946
Separate account		169,304		17,218		-		15,000		(17,210)		-		-		184,312
Total Assets	\$	279,701	\$	(101)	\$	105,061	\$	125,855	\$	(103,145)	\$	27,336	\$	(56,617)	\$	378,090
Liabilities:																
Derivatives	\$	(45,764)	\$	(36,191)	\$	28,063	\$	36,191			\$	-	\$	17,701	\$	-
Total Liabilities	\$	(45,764)	\$	(36,191)	\$	28,063	\$	36,191	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,701	\$	-

#### Note J - Fair Values of Financial Instruments – (Continued)

Transfers into or out of Level 3 are presented in the table. Assets and liabilities are transferred into Level 3 when a significant input cannot be corroborated with market observable data. This occurs when market activity decreases significantly and underlying inputs cannot be observed, current prices are not available and/or when there are significant variances in quoted prices, thereby affecting transparency. Assets and liabilities are transferred out of Level 3 when circumstances change such that a significant input can be corroborated with market observable data. This may be due to a significant increase in market activity, a specific event or one or more significant input(s) becoming observable.

The carrying values and estimated fair values of certain of the Company's financial instruments not recorded at fair value in the statement of admitted assets, liabilities, and capital and surplus are shown below. Because fair values for all balance sheet items are not required to be disclosed, the aggregate fair value amounts presented below are not reflective of the underlying value of the Company.

	As of December 31, 2024									
			(	dollars in	thousands)					
Type of Financial Instrument	Aggregate Fair Value	Statement Value		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not Practicable (Carrying Value)			
Assets:							ŕ			
Bonds	\$13,114,301	\$13,556,521	\$	82,285	\$10,713,752	\$2,318,264	\$ -			
Common Stock	64,045	64,045		-	-	-	64,045			
Preferred Stock	24,122	24,090		23,746	-	376	-			
Mortgage Loans	10,108,459	10,108,628		=	-	10,108,459	-			
Real Estate	191,478	191,478		-	-	191,478	-			
Cash, Cash Equivalents										
& Short-Term Investments	502,156	502,168		449,066	44,058	9,032	-			
Other Invested Assets	263,429	259,493	_		223,302	127	40,000			
Total Assets	<u>\$ 24,267,990</u>	<u>\$24,706,423</u>	\$	555,097	\$10,981,112	<u>\$12,627,736</u>	<u>\$ 104,045</u>			
Liabilities:										
Policyholder Account Balances	\$17,386,973	\$17,758,353	\$	-	\$ -	\$17,386,973	\$ -			
Separate Account Liabilities	316,196	316,196		116,109		200,087				
Total Liabilities	\$17,703,169	\$18,074,549	\$	116,109	<u>\$</u> -	\$17,587,060	\$ -			

Note J - Fair Values of Financial Instruments – (Continued)

	As of December 31, 2023								
			(	dollars in	thousands)				
Type of Financial Instrument	Aggregate Fair Value	Statement Value	1	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not Practicable (Carrying Value)		
Assets:	· arae	, arae		<u> Lever r</u>	<u> </u>	<u> Lever 5</u>		- urue j	
Bonds	\$11,370,658	\$11,762,353	\$	96,624	\$8,999,210	\$ 2,274,824	\$	_	
Common Stock	69,245	69,245		_	-	_		69,245	
Preferred Stock	36,585	36,370		36,585	-	-		-	
Mortgage Loans	8,630,846	8,687,005		-	-	8,630,846		-	
Real Estate	35,072	35,072		-	_	35,072		-	
Cash, Cash Equivalents									
& Short-Term Investments	315,717	315,514		298,918	4,319	12,480		-	
Other Invested Assets	262,111	260,680	_		213,946	8,165		40,000	
Total Assets	<u>\$20,720,234</u>	<u>\$21,166,239</u>	\$	432,127	<u>\$9,217,475</u>	<u>\$10,961,387</u>	\$	109,245	
Liabilities:									
Policyholder Account Balances	\$14,526,481	\$14,759,438	\$	-	\$ -	\$14,526,481	\$	-	
Separate Account Liabilities		279,814	_	95,502		184,312			
Total Liabilities	<u>\$14,806,295</u>	<u>\$15,039,252</u>	\$	95,502	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$14,710,793</u>	\$		

The fair values for bonds, preferred and common stocks and other invested assets have been primarily obtained from broker-dealers, external asset managers, and from nationally recognized pricing services. The carrying values for loans approximate fair values because these investments are primarily either short-term in duration or have an underlying interest rate that is variable. The Company has assessed the fair value of the loans based on a representative sample and determined that any remaining difference between the fair value and carrying value of loans is not material. There are no quoted market prices available for the Company's investment in affiliated surplus notes and FHLB Chicago common stock. Fair values for policyholder account balances were determined by deducting an estimate of the future profits to be realized from the business, discounted at a current interest rate, from the adjusted carrying values. Separate account liabilities are recorded at the amount credited to the contract holder, which reflects the fair value of the corresponding separate account assets, and therefore, carrying value approximates fair value.

#### Note K - Commitments and Contingencies

In the course of its business, the Company is a party to litigation and other proceedings, primarily involving its insurance operations. In some cases, these proceedings entail claims against the Company for punitive damages and similar types of relief. The ultimate disposition of such pending litigation and proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, liquidity or financial position.

#### Note L - Reinsurance

The Company assumes and cedes reinsurance on a coinsurance, modified coinsurance and a risk premium basis. The Company obtains reinsurance for amounts above certain retention limits which vary with age, plan of insurance and underwriting classification. Amounts of standard risks in excess of those limits are reinsured. Indemnity reinsurance treaties do not provide absolute protection to the Company since the ceding insurer remains responsible for contract claims to the extent the reinsurer fails to pay such claims.

To reduce this risk, the Company monitors the financial condition of its reinsurers, including, among other things, the companies' financial ratings, and in certain cases receives collateral security from the reinsurer or enters funds withheld arrangements. Also, certain of the Company's reinsurance agreements require the reinsurer to set up trust arrangements for the Company's benefit in the event of certain ratings downgrades. As of December 31, 2024, all of the Company's significant reinsurers were either rated "A" (Excellent) or higher by A.M. Best Company or had supplied collateral in an amount sufficient to support the amounts receivable.

As of December 31, 2016, the Company entered into a reinsurance agreement with RGA Reinsurance Company (Barbados) Ltd. ("RGA") under which the Company ceded to RGA, on an indemnity coinsurance with funds withheld basis, 90% of the Company's liabilities under an in-force funding agreement in the principal amount of \$300.0 million issued under the Company's funding agreement-backed note program. In December 2018, the Company recaptured this funding agreement and ceded liabilities under an in-force funding agreement in the aggregate principal amount of \$350.0 million issued under the Company's funding agreement-backed note program. In September 2021, the Company recaptured the funding agreement ceded in December 2018 and ceded to RGA 78.75% of the Company's liabilities under an in-force funding agreement in the principal amount of \$400.0 million issued under the Company's funding agreement-backed note program. In November 2024, the Company recaptured the funding agreement ceded in September 2021 and ceded to RGA 78.75% of the Company's liabilities under an in-force funding agreement in the principal amount of \$400.0 million issued under the Company's funding agreement-backed note program. The Company also established a funds withheld liability (as "Funds held under reinsurance treaties") in a corresponding amount as of such date.

Effective as of December 18, 2019, the Company entered into a reinsurance agreement with Oceanview Life and Annuity Company ("Oceanview") under which the Company ceded to Oceanview, on an indemnity coinsurance with funds withheld basis, 100% of the Company's liabilities under funding agreements issued to the FHLB Chicago in the aggregate principal amount of \$500.0 million. On October 30, 2020, the Company amended its reinsurance agreement with Oceanview in order to cede, on an indemnity coinsurance with funds withheld basis, 100% of the Company's liabilities under a funding agreement issued to the FHLB Chicago in the principal amount of \$151.0 million. On May 26, 2022, the Company further amended its reinsurance agreement with Oceanview in order to cede, on an indemnity coinsurance with funds withheld basis, 100% of the Company's liabilities under additional funding agreements issued to the FHLB Chicago in the aggregate principal amount of \$150.0 million. The Company also established an additional funds withheld liability (as "funds held under coinsurance") as of such date. On February 16, 2024, pursuant to a further amendment to the Company's reinsurance agreement with Oceanview, a \$57.8 million cash contribution was made from Oceanview to the Company's funds withheld account. On December 18, 2024, the Company recaptured the funding agreements ceded in December 2019 and ceded to Oceanview 100% of the Company's liabilities under a funding agreement issued to the FHLB Chicago in the principal amount of \$500.0 million.

Effective as of September 1, 2023, the Company entered into an excess of loss reinsurance agreement with Munich American Reinsurance Company ("Munich Re") under which the Company cedes to Munich Re, on an excess basis, losses related to particular long-term disability insurance program business, which includes voluntary coverages. The policies covered under this agreement include policies written or renewed during the term of the reinsurance agreement. Under this agreement, the Company's retention limit is \$10,000 per individual per month.

#### Note L – Reinsurance – (Continued)

A summary of reinsurance activity follows:

	Years	Ended Dece	mber 31,
	2024	2023	2022
	(doll	ars in thous	ands)
Premiums and considerations assumed	\$ 3,868	\$ 3,256	\$ 4,271
Premiums and considerations ceded	444,418	388,514	389,591
Deposits received on funding agreements ceded	1,157,011	298,833	438,813
Deposits received on supplemental contracts without life contingencies assumed	206	95	-
Benefits and claims ceded <sup>(1)</sup>	1,557,022	640,113	796,282
Funds held under reinsurance treaties	2,714,820	2,647,458	2,652,555

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>Benefits and claims ceded during the year ended December 31, 2024 includes the recapture of funding agreements with aggregate principal amounts of \$500.0 million ceded to Oceanview in October 2019, \$400.0 million ceded to TM RSL Re in October 2019 and \$400.0 million ceded to RGA in September 2021.

There would be no material reduction of surplus as of December 31, 2024 if all reinsurance agreements were terminated as of such date.

#### Note M - Dividend Restrictions and Capital and Surplus

Dividends to the Company's parent are subject to regulatory restrictions and are generally limited for a twelve-month period, in the absence of regulatory approval, to the greater of 10% of statutory policyholders' surplus at the end of the prior year or net income for the prior year. Policyholders' surplus as of December 31, 2024 was \$2,813.1 million and net income for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$313.9 million. Accordingly, during 2025, the Company anticipates that it will be permitted without prior regulatory approval to make dividend payments totaling \$313.9 million.

On January 2, 2024, the Company paid a preferred stock dividend of \$2.0 million. On July 1, 2024, the Company paid a preferred stock dividend of \$2.0 million. On December 19, 2024, the Company declared a dividend to stockholders on its preferred stock totaling \$2.0 million. This dividend was paid on January 2, 2025. The Company did not pay any common stock dividends during the year ended December 31, 2024.

On January 3, 2023, the Company paid a preferred stock dividend of \$2.0 million. On June 26, 2023, the Company paid an ordinary common stock dividend of \$50.0 million and on July 3, 2023, the Company paid a preferred stock dividend of \$2.0 million.

On January 4, 2022, the Company paid a preferred stock dividend of \$2.0 million. On June 29, 2022, the Company paid an ordinary common stock dividend of \$67.9 million and on July 1, 2022, the Company paid a preferred stock dividend of \$2.0 million.

The portions of unassigned surplus represented by cumulative net unrealized gains were \$220.4 million and \$230.2 million, and \$96.3 million as of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company's unassigned surplus was reduced by non-admitted assets of \$438.7 million and \$286.9 million, and \$198.3 million as of December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 respectively.

The NAIC has established RBC requirements to help state regulators monitor the financial strength and stability of life insurers by identifying those companies that may be inadequately capitalized. Under the NAIC's requirements, each insurer must maintain its total capital above a calculated threshold or take corrective measures to achieve the threshold. The threshold for adequate capital is calculated by applying factors to various asset, premium, claim, expense and reserve items. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's capital and surplus exceeds the threshold RBC action level requirements.

#### Note N – Preferred Stock

The Company's outstanding shares of preferred stock are each entitled to a cumulative annual dividend of \$8 per share, as declared by the Board of Directors, and have a liquidation value equal to \$100 per share plus all accumulated and unpaid dividends. The preferred stock has no voting rights. DFG, RSL-Texas and SNCC own 200,000 shares, 50,000 shares and 250,000 shares, respectively, of the Company's preferred stock. The preferred stock may be redeemed at the option of the holder, subject to the capital and surplus of the Company exceeding the minimum statutory requirement for the conduct of business in Illinois immediately after such redemption.

#### Note O – Separate Accounts

The Company established the separate accounts for the purpose of funding variable life insurance contracts issued by the Company. The assets of the separate accounts are comprised of private investment funds, mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and interests in a limited liability company. The values of the private investment funds and the interests in the limited liability company are calculated using the equity method of accounting, which approximates fair value. The mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are valued at quoted active market. The Company collected no premiums, considerations or deposits for separate accounts business during the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Reserves for nonguaranteed separate accounts assets valued at fair value and subject to discretionary withdrawal were \$315.6 million and \$279.3 million as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, the Company did not have any seed money in the surplus of the separate accounts.

#### Note P – Leases

The Company leases office space and office equipment under noncancelable operating lease agreements that expire through December 2031. The office space lease agreements contain escalation clauses considered ordinary for these types of agreements. The amount of the annual escalation is not material. Rental expense for 2024, 2023, and 2022 was approximately \$8.7 million, \$8.5 million and \$9.3 million, respectively

The minimum aggregate rental commitments for operating leases are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Years Ending December 31,	Years I	Ending	Decem	ber 31,
---------------------------	---------	--------	-------	---------

2025\$	8.048
2026	7,643
2027	7,589
2028	7,176
2029	6,772
Thereafter	13,860
Total	51,088

The Company does not have any material sales-leaseback transactions.

#### Note Q - Managing General Agents and Third Party Administrators

The Company does not have any managing general agents ("MGA's"). The Company does have third party administrators ("TPA's"), however no TPA had direct written premiums that were greater than 5% of surplus for the year ended December 31, 2024.

#### Note R – Accounting Changes and Corrections of Errors

The Company did not have any material change in accounting principles during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

No material errors occurred, or were required to be corrected, during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

#### Note S – Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events that have occurred for recognition or disclosure through April 9, 2025, the date the December 31, 2024 financial statements were available to be issued.

As of the date of these financial statements, the Company has issued four new funding agreements after December 31, 2024 to the FHLB Chicago in an aggregate principal amount of \$950.0 million. The proceeds of these issuances served to repay previously issued funding agreements in an aggregate principal amount of \$700.0 million at their maturity.



#### RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF SELECTED STATUTORY-BASIS FINANCIAL DATA December 31, 2024

#### **Note - Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedules present selected statutory-basis financial data as of December 31, 2024 and for the year then ended for purposes of complying with paragraph 9 of the Annual Audited Financial Reports section of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Annual Statement Instructions and the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and agrees to or is included in the amounts reported in the Company's 2024 Statutory Annual Statement as filed with the Illinois Department of Insurance.

#### RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF SELECTED STATUTORY-BASIS FINANCIAL DATA

December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands)

The following is a summary of certain financial data included in other exhibits and schedules subjected to audit procedures by independent auditors and utilized by actuaries in the determination of reserves.

Investment Income Earned:		
U.S. Government bonds	\$	47,380
Other bonds (unaffiliated)		848,080
Preferred stocks (unaffiliated)		348
Common stocks (unaffiliated)		7,261
Common stocks (affiliated)		30,348
Mortgage loans		710,605
Real Estate		4,458
Contract loans		23
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		29,650
Derivative instruments		(32,517)
Other invested assets and miscellaneous		83,268
Gross investment income	\$	1,728,904
Real Estate Owned - Book Value less Encumbrances	\$	191,478
Mortgage Loans - Book Value:		
Commercial mortgages	\$	5,353,233
Residential mortgages	\$	4,178,777
Mezzanine loans	\$	576,618
Total Mortgage Loans	\$	10,108,628
70 W. 1710 1 G. 160 2 Country	Ψ	10,100,020
Mortgage Loans By Standing - Book Value:		
Good standing	\$	9,118,940
Good standing with restructured terms	\$	124,096
Overdue interest more than 90 days, not in foreclosure	\$	634,662
In process of foreclosure	\$	230,930
Total Mortgage Loans	\$	10,108,628
Other Long-Term Assets - Statement Value	<u>\$</u>	962,746
Bonds and Stocks of Parents, Subsidiaries and Affiliates - Book Value:		
Bonds	\$	<u>=</u>
Common Stocks	\$	508,557

## RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF SELECTED STATUTORY-BASIS FINANCIAL DATA (Continued)

## December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands)

Bonds and Short-Term Investments by Class and Maturity:		
Non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities	\$	1,027,586
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	,	482,604
Agency residential mortgage-backed securities		55,323
rigoricy residential moregage odered securities		33,323
Other Bonds and Short-Term Investments by Maturity - Statement Value:		
Due within one year or less		298,333
Over 1 year through 5 years		2,101,203
Over 5 years through 10 years		3,050,556
Over 10 years		6,648,519
Total	\$	13,664,124
10tai	Ψ	13,004,124
Bonds by NAIC Designation - Statement Value:		
NAIC 1	\$	6,899,028
NAIC 2	Ψ	4,300,443
NAIC 3		787,523
NAIC 4		1,128,196
NAIC 5		
		462,275 86,659
NAIC 6	<u>e</u>	
Total by NAIC Designation	\$	13,664,124
Total Bonds Publicly Traded	\$	8,670,299
Total Bonds Privately Traded	\$	4,993,825
Total Bolids Tilvatciy Traded	Ψ	7,993,623
Preferred Stocks - Statement Value	\$	30,987
Common Stocks - Market Value	\$	623,656
Short-Term Investments - Book Value	\$	49,213
Cash Equivalents	\$	343,273
Cash Equivalents	υ	343,213
Options, Caps & Floors Owned – Statement Value	\$	160,058
Collar, Swap & Forward Agreements Open – Statement Value	\$	20,606
Future Contracts Open – Current Value	\$	283
Tatale Contacts Open Carrent value	Ψ	205
Cash on deposit	\$	109,683
cush on deposit	Ψ	100,000
Life Insurance In Force (gross of reinsurance ceded):		
Industrial	\$	2,129
Ordinary	\$	179,614
Group Life	\$	341,529
Group Ene	<u>v</u>	311,323
Amount of Accidental Death Insurance In Force Under Ordinary Policies	\$	7,043
•	-	
Life Insurance Policies with Disability Provisions In Force:		
Ordinary	\$	8,584
Group Life	\$	278,907,005
r	Ψ	

# RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF SELECTED STATUTORY-BASIS FINANCIAL DATA (Continued)

## December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands)

Supplementary Contracts In Force: Ordinary - Not Involving Life Contingencies	
Amount on deposit	\$ 90,680
Amount of income payable	\$ 8,564
Ordinary - Involving Life Contingencies:	
Amount of income payable	<u>\$ 1,337</u>
Annuities:	
Ordinary:	
Immediate - amount of income payable	\$ 67
Deferred - fully paid account balance	\$ 10,821,296
Deferred - not fully paid - account balance	\$ 54,355
Deterred - not fully paid - account balance	<u>s 34,333</u>
Group:	
Immediate - amount of income payable	\$ 1,265
Deferred - fully paid account balance	\$ 1,058,908
Deferred - not fully paid - account balance	\$ 20,263
Deterred - not runy paid - account balance	<u>5 20,203</u>
Accident and Health Insurance - Premiums In Force:	
Group	\$ 1,188,842
510 <b>sp</b>	<u> </u>
Deposit Funds and Dividend Accumulations:	
Deposit Funds – Account Balance	\$ 2,800,436
Dividend Accumulations	\$ -
Claim Payments:	
Group Accident and Health - Years Ended December 31,	
2024	\$ 296,251
2023	<u>\$ 132,804</u>
2022	<u>\$ 45,621</u>
2021	\$ 22,006
2020	\$ 14,666
Prior	<u>\$ 136,756</u>

#### RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF REINSURANCE DISCLOSURES December 31, 2024

The following information regarding reinsurance contracts is presented to satisfy the disclosure requirements in SSAP No. 61R, *Life, Deposit-Type and Accident and Health Reinsurance*, which apply to reinsurance contracts entered into, renewed or amended on or after January 1, 1996.

1.	Has the Company reinsured any risk with any other entity under a reinsurance contract (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) that is subject to Appendix A-791, <i>Life and Health Reinsurance Agreements</i> , and includes a provision that limits the reinsurer's assumption of significant risks identified in Appendix A-791?						
	Examples of risk-limiting features include provisions such as a deductible, a loss ratio corridor, a loss cap, an aggregate limit or similar effect.  Yes _ No X						
	If yes, indicate the number of reinsurance contracts to which such provisions apply:						
	If yes, indicate if deposit accounting was applied for all contracts subject to Appendix A-791 that limit significant risks.						
	Yes No N/A						
2.	Has the Company reinsured any risk with any other entity under a reinsurance contract (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) that is not subject to Appendix A-791, for which reinsurance accounting was applied and includes a provision that limits the reinsurer's assumption of risk?						
	Examples of risk-limiting features include provisions such as a deductible, a loss ratio corridor, a loss cap, an aggregate limit or other provisions that result in similar effects.						
	Yes _ No X						
	If yes, indicate the number of reinsurance contracts to which such provisions apply:						
	If yes, indicate whether the reinsurance credit was reduced for the risk-limiting features.						
	Yes No N/A						
3.	Does the Company have any reinsurance contracts (other than reinsurance contracts with a federal or state facility) that contain one or more of the following features which result in delays in payment in form or in fact:						
	<ul> <li>(a) Provisions that permit the reporting of losses to be made less frequently than quarterly;</li> <li>(b) Provisions that permit settlements to be made less frequently than quarterly;</li> <li>(c) Provisions that permit payments due from the reinsurer to not be made in cash within ninety (90) days of the settlement date (unless there is no activity during the period); or</li> </ul>						

Yes \_ No X

(d) The existence of payment schedules, accumulating retentions from multiple years, or any features inherently designed

to delay timing of the reimbursement to the ceding entity.

#### RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF REINSURANCE DISCLOSURES (Continued) December 31, 2024

4. Has the Company reflected reinsurance accounting credit for any contracts that are not subject to Appendix A-791 and not yearly renewable term reinsurance, which meet the risk transfer requirements of SSAP No. 61R?

Type of contract:	Response:	Identify reinsurance contract(s):	Has the insured event(s) triggering contract coverage been recognized?
Assumption reinsurance – new for the reporting period <sup>1</sup>	Yes No X		N/A
Non-proportional reinsurance, which does not result in significant surplus relief	Yes No X		Yes No N/A

- 5. Has the Company ceded any risk in a reinsurance agreement that is not subject to Appendix A-791 and not yearly renewable term reinsurance, under any reinsurance contract (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) during the period covered by the financial statements, and either:
  - (a) Accounted for that contract as reinsurance under statutory accounting principles (SAP) and as a deposit under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP); or

Yes No X N/A

(b) Accounted for that contract as reinsurance under GAAP and as a deposit under SAP?

Yes No X N/A

If the answer to item (a) or item (b) is yes, include relevant information regarding GAAP to SAP differences to explain why the contract(s) is treated differently for GAAP and SAP below:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This disclosure relates to ceding companies with assumption reinsurance agreements (paragraph 60 of SSAP 61R) entered into during the current year for which indemnity reinsurance is being applied for policyholders who have not yet agreed to the transfer to the new insurer or for which the regulator has not yet approved the novation to the new insurer.

### **SUMMARY INVESTMENT SCHEDULE**

	SOMMANTINVI			Admitted Assets as Reported					
		Gross Investm	ent Holdings 2	3	in the Annua		0		
		1	Percentage of	3	4 Securities Lending Reinvested	5 Total	6 Percentage of		
			Column 1		Collateral	(Col. 3 + 4)	Column 5		
	Investment Categories	Amount	Line 13	Amount	Amount	Amount	Line 13		
1.	Long-Term Bonds (Schedule D, Part 1):	4 000 040 540	4 407	4 000 040 540		4 000 040 540	4 407		
	1.01 U.S. governments					1,086,842,548			
	1.02 All other governments					233,092,198			
	1.03 U.S. states, territories and possessions, etc. guaranteed	99,906,700	0.3/9	99,906,700	0	99,906,700	0.3/9		
	1.04 U.S. political subdivisions of states, territories, and possessions, guaranteed      1.05 U.S. special revenue and special assessment obliqations, etc. non-	712,597,819	2.706	712,597,819	0	712,597,819	2.706		
	guaranteedguaranteed	2,143,425,710	8 . 139	2, 143, 425, 710	0	2,143,425,710	8 . 139		
	1.06 Industrial and miscellaneous	7,804,065,332	29.634	7,804,065,332	0	7,804,065,332	29.634		
	1.07 Hybrid securities	99,672,847	0.378	99,672,847	0	99,672,847	0.378		
	1.08 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000		
	1.09 SVO identified funds	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000		
	1.10 Unaffiliated bank loans	1,431,419,403	5 . 436	1,431,419,403	0	1,431,419,403	5 . 436		
	1.11 Unaffiliated certificates of deposit	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000		
	1.12 Total long-term bonds			.13,611,022,557	0	.13,611,022,557	51.685		
2.	Preferred stocks (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1):								
	2.01 Industrial and miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	30,987,041	0.118	30,987,041	0	30,987,041	0.118		
	2.02 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000		
	2.03 Total preferred stocks	30,987,041	0.118	30,987,041	0	30,987,041	0.118		
3.	Common stocks (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2):								
	3.01 Industrial and miscellaneous Publicly traded (Unaffiliated)	668,786	0.003	668,786	0	668,786	0.003		
	3.02 Industrial and miscellaneous Other (Unaffiliated)								
	3.03 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates Publicly traded								
	3.04 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates Other								
	3.05 Mutual funds					0			
	3.06 Unit investment trusts					0			
	3.07 Closed-end funds								
	3.08 Exchange traded funds								
	3.09 Total common stocks					623,656,366			
4.	Mortgage loans (Schedule B):			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	4.01 Farm mortgages	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000		
	4.02 Residential mortgages	4, 178, 776, 794		4, 178, 776, 793		4, 178, 776, 793			
	4.03 Commercial mortgages					5,353,233,192			
	4.04 Mezzanine real estate loans					576,618,085			
	4.05 Total valuation allowance					0			
	4.06 Total mortgage loans					.10,108,628,070			
5.	Real estate (Schedule A):			,,		,,,			
0.	5.01 Properties occupied by company	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.00		
	5.02 Properties held for production of income					0			
	5.03 Properties held for sale					191,478,008			
	5.04 Total real estate					191,478,008			
6.	Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:			101, 110,000		101, 170,000			
0.	6.01 Cash (Schedule E, Part 1)	100 682 514	0.416	100 682 514	0	109,682,514	0.416		
	6.02 Cash equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		343,272,373			1.304		
	6.03 Short-term investments (Schedule DA)					49,212,859			
	6.04 Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments					502, 167,746	1.907		
7	Contract loans					516,141			
7. o	Derivatives (Schedule DB)		0.687	180,947,077		180,947,077	0.687		
8. o	Other invested assets (Schedule BA)			962,746,056		962,746,056	3.656		
9. 10	Other invested assets (Schedule BA)  Receivables for securities					122,401,619			
10.	Securities Lending (Schedule DL, Part 1)		0.465	0	XXX				
11.		_	0.000	0	XXX0		XXX 0.000		
12.	Other invested assets (Page 2, Line 11)			_					
13.	Total invested assets	26,334,551,182	100.000	26,334,550,681	0	26,334,550,681	100.000		



For The Year Ended December 31, 2024 (To Be Filed by April 1)

Of The	Reliance Standard Life Insurance	ce Company							
ADDRE	ESS (City, State and Zip Code)	Philadelphia , PA 1910	3						
NAIC G	Group Code 3098	NAIC Company Co	de 68381		Federal Employer's Ide	ntificati	ion Number (FEIN)	36-0883760	
The Inv	estment Risks Interrogatories are t	o be filed by April 1. The	ey are also to be include	ed with	the Audited Statutory Fi	nancia	I Statements.		
Answer invest	the following interrogatories by repments.	porting the applicable U.s	S. dollar amounts and p	ercenta	iges of the reporting ent	ity's to	tal admitted assets he	eld in that cate	egory of
1.	Reporting entity's total admitted a	assets as reported on Pa	age 2 of this annual stat	ement.				\$	. 26,875,814,133
2.	Ten largest exposures to a single	e issuer/borrower/investr	nent.						
	1		2				3		4
	Issuer		Description of Exp	osure			Amount		ige of Total ed Assets
2.01	VARAGON TRUST II NOTES	BONDS				\$	530,504,248		2.0 %
2.02	USB LIHTC FUND 2024-7, L.P	OTHER			;	\$	195,964,569		0.7 %
2.03	DELPHI FINANCIAL GROUP, INC	BONDS			;	\$	182,085,798		0.7 %
2.04	STANDARD SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK				;	\$	172,491,752		0.6 %
2.05	FIRST RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY				;	\$	153,979,623		0.6 %
2.06	2222 MARKET ST	MORTGAGE LOANS .			;	\$	135,303,299		0.5 %
2.07	MEXICO (UNITED MEXICAN STATES)	BONDS			;	\$	125,699,847		0.5 %
2.08	3RD AND LENORA	MORTGAGE LOANS .			;	\$	121,074,903		0.5 %
2.09	VISTA WAY	MORTGAGE LOANS .				\$	100,402,852		0.4 %
2.10	NATIONAL PLACE	MORTGAGE LOANS .			;	\$	97,511,595		0.4 %
3.	Amounts and percentages of the	reporting entity's total a	dmitted assets held in b	onds a	nd preferred stocks by N	NAIC d	esignation.		
	Bonds	1	2		Preferred Stocks		3		4
3.01	NAIC 1 \$		25.7 %	3.07	NAIC 1				0.0 %
3.02	NAIC 2 \$	4,300,442,769	16.0 %	3.08	NAIC 2		\$ 14,627,932		0.1 %
	NAIC 3 \$		2.9 %	3.09	NAIC 3				0.0 %
	NAIC 4 \$		4.2 %		NAIC 4				0.0 %
	NAIC 5 \$		1.7 %		NAIC 5				0.0 %
	NAIC 6 \$		0.3 %	3.12	NAIC 6	;	\$		0.0 %
4.	Assets held in foreign investmen	ts:							
4.01	Are assets held in foreign investr	ments less than 2.5% of	the reporting entity's tot	al admi	tted assets?			Yes [	] No [ X ]
	If response to 4.01 above is yes,	responses are not requi	red for interrogatories 5	- 10.					
4.02	Total admitted assets held in fore	eign investments			;	\$	2,032,694,568		7.6 %
4.03	Foreign-currency-denominated in	vestments			;	\$	471,948,526		1.8 %
4.04	Insurance liabilities denominated	in that same foreign cur	тепсу			\$			0.0 %

Aggregate foreign investment exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation: .....5.2 % 5.01 .....1.9 % 5.02 ......0.4 % 5.03 Largest foreign investment exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation: 6 2 Countries designated NAIC - 1: ..... 1.0 % 6.01 Country 1: IRELAND .. 6.02 Country 2: CAYMAN ISLANDS .. ..... 0.7 % Countries designated NAIC - 2: \$ .....357,640,463 ..... 1.3 % 6.03 Country 1: MEXICO ..... 6.04 Country 2: INDONESIA .... ..... 0.2 % Countries designated NAIC - 3 or below: .....0.1 % 6.05 Country 1: C0L0MBIA \$ 34,686,084 6.06 .....0.1 % .....0.4 % Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation: 8. .....0.0 % ......\$ ......8,059,281 8 01 Countries designated NAIC-1 .... ..... 0.3 % 8.02 .....0.0 % 8.03 9 Largest unhedged foreign currency exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation: Countries designated NAIC - 1: .....0.0 % 9.01 Country 1: GERMANY .. ......\$ .......4,443,408 Country 2: EUROPEAN UNION .... 9.02 .....0.0 % Countries designated NAIC - 2:

0.00	Country 1. Divicit	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. Ψ		
9.06	Country 2:		. \$		0.0 %
10.	Ten largest non-sovereign (i.e. non-governmental) foreign issues	s:			
	1	2		3	4
	Issuer	NAIC Designation	_		
10.01	CHESTNUT FUND LTD.	1	\$	81,250,000	0.3 %
10.02	ORBIA ADVANCE CORPORATION, S.A.B. DE C.V.	2FE	\$	31, 185,056	0.1 %
10.03	GTL TRADE FINANCE INC.	2FE	\$	23,590,460	0.1 %
10.04	BBVA MÉXICO, S.A., INSTITUCIÓN DE BANCA MÚLTIPLE, GRUPO	2FE, 3FE	\$	22,948,278	0.1 %
	FINANCIERO BBVA MÉXICO				
10.05	PT INDOFOOD CBP SUKSES MAKMUR TBK	2FE	\$	22,374,476	0.1 %
10.06	NEUBERGER BERMAN LOAN ADVISERS CLO 51, LTD	2FE	\$	20,975,000	0.1 %
10.07	SUZANO AUSTRIA GMBH		\$	20,633,156	0.1 %
10.08	INDUSTRIAS PEÑOLES, S.A.B. DE C.V.	2FE	\$	19,563,597	0.1 %
10.09	VODAFONE GROUP PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	2FE	\$	17,701,295	0.1 %
10.10	CEMEX, S.A.B. DE C.V.	2FE, 3FE	\$	17,231,626	0.1 %

9.03

9.04

9.05

Country 1: MEXICO .....

Countries designated NAIC - 3 or below:

Country 2: .....

..... 0.3 %

.....0.0 %

.....0.0 %

\$ .....

11.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in Canadian investments and uni-	hedo	ged Canadian currency exp	osure:
11.01	Are assets held in Canadian investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?			. Yes [ X ] No [ ]
	If response to 11.01 is yes, detail is not required for the remainder of interrogatory 11.			
			1	2
11.02	Total admitted assets held in Canadian investments			
11.03				0.0 %
11.04	Canadian-denominated insurance liabilities			
11.05	Unhedged Canadian currency exposure	\$		0.0 %
12.	Report aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in investments	with	contractual sales restrictio	ns:
12.01	Are assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total a	adm	itted assets?	Yes [ X ] No [ ]
	If response to 12.01 is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 12.			
	1		2	3
12.02	Aggregate statement value of investments with contractual sales restrictions			0.0 %
12.03		\$		0.0 %
12.04		-		0.0 %
12.05		\$		0.0 %
13.	Amounts and percentages of admitted assets held in the ten largest equity interests:			
13.01	Are assets held in equity interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?			Yes [ ] No [ X ]
	If response to 13.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 13.			
	1 Issuer		2	3
13.02	USB LIHTC FUND 2024-7, L.P.	\$	195,964,569	0.7 %
13.03	DELPHI FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.	\$	182,085,798	0.7 %
13.04	STANDARD SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK	\$	172,491,752	0.6 %
13.05	FIRST RELIANCE STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	\$	153,979,623	0.6 %
13.06	FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK OF CHICAGO	\$	64,045,000	0.2 %
13.07	PEMZ 2, LLC	\$	59,735,895	0.2 %
13.08	PEMZ 1 LLC	\$	58,584,451	0.2 %
13.09	AMERICAN TAX CREDIT FUND 2023-B, LLC	\$	50,683,803	0.2 %
	BLUE ASH INVESTMENT TRUST			0.2 %
13.11	EDGEWATER - EGCP INVESTMENT PARTNERS V, L.P.	\$	25,748,397	0.1 %

14.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaf	filiat	ed, privately placed equi	ties:			
14.01	Are assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities less than 2.5% of the reporting	ng e	ntity's total admitted ass	ets?		١	/es [ X ] No [ ]
	If response to 14.01 above is yes, responses are not required for 14.02 through 14.05	5.					
	1				2		3
14.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equit Largest three investments held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities:	ies .	\$				0.0 %
14.03			\$				0.0 %
14.04			\$				0.0 %
14.05			\$				0.0 %
	Ten largest fund managers:						
	1		2		3		. 4
	Fund Manager		Total Invested		Diversified		Nondiversified
	DREYFUS TRS OBS CM INST		, ,				
	USB LIHTC FUND 2024-7, L.P.					Ψ.	
	PEMZ 2, LLCPEMZ 1 LLC		, ,		59,735,895 58,584,451	-	
	AMERICAN TAX CREDIT FUND 2023-B, LLC		, ,		50,683,803	-	
14.10					47,893,429	-	
	EDGEWATER - EGCP INVESTMENT PARTNERS V, L.P.				25,748,397	Ψ	
	FORTRESS CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES FUND V EXP (A) LP				24,533,501	-	
	ACORE CAPITAL SPECIAL SITUATIONS, LP				24,318,162	-	
	PAG LOAN FUND V L.P.		, ,			Ψ	
14.10		•	2, 2,	Ψ		Ψ	
15.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in gener	al pa	artnership interests:				
15.01	Are assets held in general partnership interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity	's tot	al admitted assets?			١	/es [ X ] No [ ]
	If response to 15.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Int	erro	gatory 15.				
					2		3
15.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in general partnership interests						0.0 %
15.03			\$				0.0 %
15.04			\$				0.0 %

16.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in mortgage loans:				
16.01	Are mortgage loans reported in Schedule B less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?				Yes [ ] No [ X ]
	If response to 16.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 16 and Interrogatory	gatory	17.		
	To a Parity of the Community Assistance			2	3
40.00	Type (Residential, Commercial, Agricultural)	_		105 000 000	0.5
	COMMERCIAL				
16.03	COMMERCIAL	•			0.5
16.04 16.05	COMMERCIAL	•			0.4
16.05	COMMERCIAL	•			0.3
16.07	COMMERCIAL	•			0.3
16.08	COMMERCIAL	•			0.3
16.09	COMMERCIAL	•			0.3
16.10	COMMERCIAL	•			0.3
16.11	COMMERCIAL	•			0.3
	Amount and percentage of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in the following categories of mortga	age loa	ns:	Lo	ans
16.12	Construction loans	\$			
16.13	Mortgage loans over 90 days past due				2.4
16.14	Mortgage loans in the process of foreclosure	\$		230,930,527	0.9
16.15	Mortgage loans foreclosed	\$		161,022,465	0.6
16.16	Restructured mortgage loans	\$		124,096,322	0.5
17.	Aggregate mortgage loans having the following loan-to-value ratios as determined from the most current apprairs	aisal as	of th	e annual stateme	ent date:
Loc	Residential Commercial an to Value 1 2 3 4			5	Agricultural 6
	above 95%\$50, 198, 253	3 0/	¢		
	91 to 95%\$32,897,679				
	71 to 80%\$1,624,174,4106.0 % \$1,249,388,5914				
	below 70%\$1,907,213,7397.1 % \$4,019,588,53915				
18.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in each of the five largest investment of the f	ents ir	real	estate:	
18.01	Are assets held in real estate reported less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?				Yes [ X ] No [
	If response to 18.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 18.				
	Largest five investments in any one parcel or group of contiguous parcels of real estate.				
	Description 1			2	3
18.02		s —			0.0
18.03		•			0.0
18.04					
18.05		•			0.0
18.06					0.0
19.	Report aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in investments	•			
19.01	Are assets held in investments held in mezzanine real estate loans less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total	ı admı	ted a	ssets?	Yes [ X ] No [ ]
	If response to 19.01 is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 19.			2	3
19.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in mezzanine real estate loans:  Largest three investments held in mezzanine real estate loans:	\$			0.0
19.03		\$			0.0
19.04					

20. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets subject to the following types of agreements:

		At Ye	ear End		At End of Each Quart	er
		1	2	1st Quarter 3	2nd Quarter 4	3rd Quarter 5
20.01	Securities lending agreements (do not include assets held as collateral for such transactions)	\$	0.0 %	\$	\$	\$
20.02	Repurchase agreements	\$	0.0 %	\$	\$	\$
20.03	Reverse repurchase agreements	\$	0.0 %	\$	\$	\$
20.04	Dollar repurchase agreements	\$	0.0 %	\$	\$	\$
20.05	Dollar reverse repurchase agreements	\$	0.0 %	\$	\$	\$
21.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity'	s total admitted assets f	for warrants not attached to	other financial instrume	ents, options, caps, and	floors:

		Owr	ned		Written
		1	2	3	4
21.01	Hedging	\$	0.0 %	\$	0.0 %
21.02	Income generation	\$	0.0 %	\$	0.0 %
21.03	Other	\$	0.0 %	\$	0.0 %

22. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets of potential exposure for collars, swaps, and forwards:

		At Y	At Year End			At End of Each Quarter					
					1st Quarter		2nd Quarter		3rd Quarter		
		1	2		3		4		5		
22.01	Hedging	\$14,033,019	0.1 %	\$	17,341,795	\$	16,896,348	\$	14,370,502		
22.02	Income generation	\$0	0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		
22.03	Replications	\$0	0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		
22.04	Other	\$0	0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		

23. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets of potential exposure for futures contracts:

		At Year End			At End of Each Quarter				
		1	2		1st Quarter 3		2nd Quarter 4		3rd Quarter 5
23.01	Hedging	\$ 283,327	0.0 %	\$	1,965,650	\$	1,772,000	\$	1,647,200
23.02	Income generation	\$ 0	0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
23.03	Replications	\$ 0	0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
23.04	Other	\$ 0	0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0